Newcastle-under-Lyme and Stoke-on-Trent Core Spatial Strategy

The Councils' Final Consolidated Schedule of Changes

12 May 2009

This schedule includes changes of the following types:

- (a) Points of clarification, factual and grammatical corrections supported by the Councils and changes necessary to meet changing legislation or government policy to ensure that the document is up to date when adopted.
- (b) Minor changes, including points of clarification arising from representations to which the Councils are not opposed.

Please note that the paragraph numbers referred to relate to those of the submitted Core Spatial Strategy and renumbering will be carried out at a later date.

Where applicable the source for each change is provided.

Due to the nature of some of changes they are included as an annex to this document.

The Councils consider that none of the suggested changes undermine the public consultation or sustainability appraisal already carried out.

In addition to this schedule a track changed version of the Core Spatial Strategy has been produced which can be accessed on the Core Spatial Strategy website. This is provided merely to assist in identifying where changes are proposed and does not represent any future version of the Core Spatial Strategy.

If you have any queries about the schedule please contact the Programme Officer who can be contacted on (01782) 234749 or <a href="mailto:examination@stoke.gov.uk">examination@stoke.gov.uk</a>

| Ref | Paragraph/Policy/Diagram   | Revision   | Group | Source                             | Reason for Change  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|-------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Gen | General Control of the Control of th |  |       |                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | n/a  | Replace Newcastle-under-Lyme Borough Council's logo with new logo          | A     | Inspector's<br>question<br>ICD3    | To update<br>the<br>document.                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Front Cover  | Update status and date of on the front cover.                              | A     | Inspector's question ICD3          | To update the document.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Throughout Document  | Hyphenate Newcastle under Lyme and Stoke on Trent                          | A     | Inspector's question ICD3          | Typing<br>Error  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Throughout Document  | Ensure document title reads as 'Core Spatial Strategy'.                    | A     | Inspector's question ICD3          | Typing<br>Error  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Throughout Document  | Replace references to 'primary shopping core' with 'primary shopping area' | В     | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 5 | For<br>consistency<br>with<br>national<br>guidance in<br>PPS6. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Add   | lendum                           |   |   |                                 |                   |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|
|       | Addendum                         | Move CSP4 policy addition to point 5 of CSP4  | A | Printing<br>Error               |                   |
|       | Addendum                         | Move additional text in addendum to the end of Para 6.34                                  | A | Inspector's question ICD3       | Printing<br>Error |
|       | Addendum – 13 <sup>th</sup> line | Change 'SSI' to 'SSSI'  | A | Inspector's<br>question<br>ICD3 | Typing<br>Error   |
| Intro | oduction                         |   |   |                                 |                   |
|       | 1.7 – 8 <sup>th</sup> line       | Replace 'This' with 'These'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3       | Typing<br>Error   |
|       | 1.7 – 8 <sup>th</sup> line       | Replace 'is' with 'are'.  | A | Inspector's question ICD3       | Typing<br>Error   |
| Con   | ntext and Conformity             |   |   |                                 |                   |
|       | 2.2 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line       | After 'The Statement of Compliance' insert '(also known as a regulation 30(d) statement)' | A | Inspector's question ICD3       | For clarity       |
|       | 2.2 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> line       | Replace 'These documents' with 'This document'  | Α | Inspector's                     | Typing            |

|                            |   |   | question<br>ICD3                     | Error           |
|----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2.4 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> line | Delete 'is included in Appendix 2'  | A | Inspector's question ICD3            | Typing<br>Error |
| 2.6 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line | Replace 'development plan document' with 'Development Plan Document'  | A | Inspector's question ICD3            | Typing<br>Error |
| 2.8 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line | Replace 'are available via' with 'are outlined in'.   | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 4   | For clarity     |
| 2.11                       | Add following sentence to the end of paragraph:-  'Dependent upon the outcome of the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) Review the Councils will seek the most expeditious means, either under a review of the Core Spatial Strategy or relevant site allocation documents, by which their respective Local Development Frameworks can be updated in accordance with due process to accommodate revised strategic development proposals for the plan area '. | В | Representor,<br>hearing<br>session 3 | For clarity     |
| 2.15                       | At end of paragraph insert 'The preparation of the Core Spatial Strategy has also had regard to the vision and aims of the Staffordshire Community Strategy 2005-2010 undertaken by the Stoke-on-Trent and Staffordshire Strategic Partnership. The revision of this Strategy, published in September 2008, is also closely aligned with the Borough's Sustainable Community Strategy, adopted February 2008.'  | A | Inspector's<br>question<br>ICD3      | For clarity     |

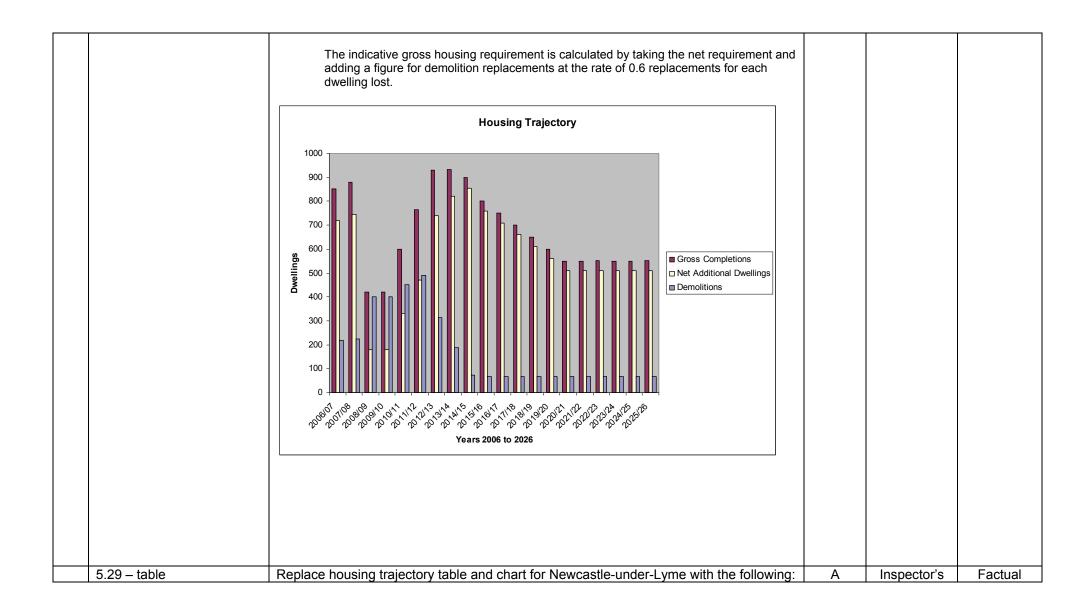
| Spa | atial Portrait              |  |   |  |                       |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------|
|     | 3.12 - line 6               | Amend sentence to read: -  'The plan area does, however, possess a number of significant key assets that are driving the economy forward (as evidenced in the North Staffordshire Integrated Economic Development Study) including good access to markets in the City Centre of Stoke-on-Trent and Newcastle town centre, which in the case of Newcastle includes its prominence as a home to Financial and Professional Services industries; the cluster of prestigious, high value medical technologies and research industries a range of knowledge based industries centred around Keele University and Science Park; the University Hospital' | В | Inspector's<br>matter 6                      | For clarity           |
|     | 3.6 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line  | Replace 'table' with 'histogram'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3                    | Factual correction    |
|     | 3.8 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line  | Replace 'diagram' with 'histogram'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3                    | Factual<br>correction |
|     | 3.15 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line | Replace 'diagram' with 'graph'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3                    | Factual<br>correction |
| Str | ategic Vision and Aims      |  |   |  |                       |
|     | Strategic Aim 2 (SA2)       | Amend aim to read:—  'To facilitate delivery of the best of healthy urban living in the development of the conurbation and to ensure that new development makes adequate provision for all necessary community facilities including health care, education, sports and recreation and leisure and that the quality and accessibility of existing facilities are retained and are enhanced and retained where they provide for justified community needs'.  | В | Sport<br>England,<br>Inspector's<br>matter 8 | For clarity           |

| Strategic and Spatial Princip                 | les   |   |  |                 |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------|
| 5.5 – 7 <sup>th</sup> / 8 <sup>th</sup> lines | Replace 'development plan documents' with 'Development Plan Documents'  | A | Inspector's question ICD3                                      | Typing<br>Error |
| 5.5   | Add new sentence to end of paragraph 5.5 to read 'The boundaries of the sub areas are indicative and will be clarified in subsequent Development Plan Documents.'   | А | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 1                             | For clarity     |
| 5.7   | Add Whitmore to the list of villages  | В | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 7                              | For clarity     |
| 5.16 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> line                   | Add to end of first sentence of paragraph 5.16:  'as indicated on Plan 2'   | A | Inspector's matter 1   | For clarity     |
| SP1 – page 40                                 | SP1 'Spatial Principles of Targeted Regeneration' replaced in its entirety with:  'Policy SP1 Spatial Principles of Targeted Regeneration:  1. New housing will be primarily focused directed towards sites within:  • the Inner Urban Core, including the City Centre;  • Newcastle Town Centre;  • Neighbourhoods within-the General Renewal Areas and Areas of Major Intervention and other Areas of Housing Intervention identified by RENEW North Staffordshire, and  • within the identified significant urban centres,  All as indicated on the Key Diagram and where it can demonstrably support the Housing Market Renewal Strategy. | В | Inspector's<br>matters 4<br>and 6, and<br>hearing<br>session 1 | For clarity     |

|      | Within the Inner Urban Core particular emphasis will be given to development within Areas of Major Intervention.  2. Employment provision will be focused towards sites accessible to and within the North Staffordshire Regeneration Zone.  3. Chatterley Valley is designated as the area's Regional Investment Site and will be taken forward for delivery by Advantage West Midlands as a high priority.  4. 'Keele University and Science Park, Staffordshire University and University Hospital will continue to be the focus for high value business growth in the medical and healthcare technologies and creative industries sector.  5. Keele University and Science Park will continue to be the focus for high value business growth in a range of knowledge based industries.  6. Retail and office development will be focused towards the City Centre and Newcastle Town Centre. Development in other centres will be of a nature and scale appropriate to their respective position and role within the hierarchy of centres.  7. New development will be prioritised in favour of previously developed land where it can support sustainable patterns of development and provides access to services and service centres by foot, public transport and cycling. |   |                                   |             |
|------|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| 5.17 | 'Housing development can in certain instances aid regeneration, both in general terms and specifically in line with proposals developed through RENEW. Regeneration should be taken to mean comprehensive improvement of the physical and social fabric. Nevertheless, it is likely that any significant level of housing development outside the RENEW Intervention Areas boundary could have the potential to harm the aims of RENEW, though it would be necessary to demonstrate how such harm would be caused. This approach is supported by the Regional Spatial Strategy and PPS3, both of which refer specifically to supporting housing market renewal. Where development is proposed within the Housing Market Renewal RENEW Intervention Areas boundary, it  | В | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 6 | For clarity |

|              | will be necessary to examine for intervention action is not being proposed development would reference to the control of the c | proposed by REN  | EW, there will be                     |   |   |                  |             |
|--------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------------|-------------|
| 5.25 – table | Replace table and explanatory  | text with the follow   | ving:                                 |   | Α | Inspector's      | For clarity |
|              |  | Newcastle-<br>under-Lyme                                     | Stoke-on-<br>Trent                    |   |   | question<br>ICD4 |             |
|              | RSS Preferred Option<br>Housing Requirement<br>(net)   | 5,700  | 11,400                                |   |   |                  |             |
|              | Projected demolitions  | 557*   | 3,500                                 |   |   |                  |             |
|              | Demolition replacements  | 557  | 2,100**                               |   |   |                  |             |
|              | Housing Requirement (gross)  | 6,257  | 13,500                                |   |   |                  |             |
|              |  | Newcastle-<br>under-Lyme                                     | Stoke-on-<br>Trent                    |   |   |                  |             |
|              | Indicative Annual Requirement (net)  | 285  | 570                                   |   |   |                  |             |
|              | Indicative Annual<br>Requirement (gross)   | 313  | 675                                   |   |   |                  |             |
|              | * RSS Preferred Option pro<br>This level was based upon<br>intervention within the Boro<br>(based upon historical tren<br>Cross Heath Area of Major  | early assumptions rough by RENEW No<br>ds and the actual pro | egarding the experth Staffordshire. A | cted nature and level of<br>A more realistic estimate<br>ance for the Knutton and |   |                  |             |

|      |           |                    | RSS Preferred O<br>dwelling demolish |                                 | 3,500 demolitions a         | nd a replacement                               |   |   |             |
|------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|-------------|
| 5.28 | 6 – table | On left hand colum | n, insert Annual                     | (net) Housing co                | ompletions                  |  | A | Inspector's question ICD3                   | For clarity |
|      | 8 – table | Replace housing tr | ajectory table ar                    | Α                               | Inspector's                 | Factual<br>update                              |   |   |             |
|      |           |                    | Net Housing<br>Requirement<br>(a)    | Projected<br>Demolitions<br>(b) | Demolition replacements (c) | Indicative<br>gross housing<br>requirement (d) |   | ICD4  | upuate      |
|      |           | 2006/07            | 719*                                 | 219*                            | 131                         | 850*   |   | question<br>ICD3<br>Inspector's<br>question |             |
|      |           | 2007/08            | 746*                                 | 224*                            | 134                         | 880*   |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2008/09            | 180                                  | 400                             | 240                         | 420  |   | Inspector's question                        |             |
|      |           | 2009/10            | 180                                  | 400                             | 240                         | 420  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2010/11            | 330                                  | 450                             | 270                         | 600  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2011/12            | 470                                  | 490                             | 294                         | 764  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2012/13            | 740                                  | 315                             | 189                         | 929  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2013/14            | 820                                  | 189                             | 113                         | 933  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2014/15            | 855                                  | 72                              | 43                          | 898  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2015/16            | 760                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 800  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2016/17            | 710                                  | 68                              | 41                          | 751  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2017/18            | 660                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 700  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2018/19            | 610                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 650  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2019/20            | 560                                  | 68                              | 41                          | 601  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2020/21            | 510                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 550  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2021/22            | 510                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 550  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2022/23            | 510                                  | 68                              | 41                          | 551  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2023/24            | 510                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 550  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2024/25            | 510                                  | 67                              | 40                          | 550  |   |   |             |
|      |           | 2025/26            | 510                                  | 68                              | 41                          | 551  |   |   |             |
|      |           |                    | 11,400                               | 3,500                           | 2,100                       | 13,500   |   |   |             |



|         |                      |                             |             | ,   | question<br>ICD4 | upda |
|---------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| Year    | Gross<br>Completions | Net Additional<br>Dwellings | Demolitions | Cumulative<br>Completions to<br>the end of the<br>plan period |                  |      |
| 2006/07 | 260                  | 208                         | 52          | 208   |                  |      |
| 2007/08 | 204                  | 142                         | 62          | 350   |                  |      |
| 2008/09 | 284                  | 205                         | 79          | 555   |                  |      |
| 2009/10 | 216                  | 168                         | 48          | 723   |                  |      |
| 2010/11 | 188                  | 127                         | 61          | 850   |                  |      |
| 2011/12 | 269                  | 238                         | 31          | 1088  |                  |      |
| 2012/13 | 345                  | 329                         | 16          | 1417  |                  |      |
| 2013/14 | 411                  | 395                         | 16          | 1812  |                  |      |
| 2014/15 | 375                  | 359                         | 16          | 2171  |                  |      |
| 2015/16 | 427                  | 411                         | 16          | 2582  |                  |      |
| 2016/17 | 421                  | 405                         | 16          | 2987  |                  |      |
| 2017/18 | 432                  | 416                         | 16          | 3403  |                  |      |
| 2018/19 | 427                  | 411                         | 16          | 3814  |                  |      |
| 2019/20 | 437                  | 421                         | 16          | 4235  |                  |      |
| 2020/21 | 367                  | 351                         | 16          | 4586  |                  |      |
| 2021/22 | 331                  | 315                         | 16          | 4901  |                  |      |
| 2022/23 | 307                  | 291                         | 16          | 5192  |                  |      |
| 2023/24 | 268                  | 252                         | 16          | 5444  |                  |      |
| 2024/25 | 144                  | 128                         | 16          | 5572  |                  |      |
| 2025/26 | 144                  | 128                         | 16          | 5700  |                  |      |

|                             | Newcastle-under-Lyme Housing Trajectory  450 400 350 250 200 150 100 50 0 Reference Re |   |                                     |                 |
|-----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 5.29 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line | Replace 'Newcastle Urban Area' with 'Newcastle-under-Lyme'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3           | Typing<br>Error |
| SP2 – page 46               | 'SP2' heading in grey box replaced by 'Policy SP2 Spatial Principles of Economic Development'  | A | Inspector's<br>hearing<br>session 1 | For Clarity     |

| 5.38 – 5 <sup>th</sup> line                     | Replace 'Borough of Stafford' with 'District of Staffordshire Moorlands'.  | A                         | Inspector's question ICD3                            | Factual<br>Correction                    |
|---|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| 5.44 – 4 <sup>th</sup> line                     | New sentence added at end of existing paragraph to read:-  'The allocation of employment land will be broadly distributed across all of the business use classes and closely associated sui generis uses in order to ensure a balanced portfolio of employment land across North Staffordshire. Employment generating uses are defined within the glossary at Appendix 1.' | В                         | Inspector's<br>matter 6                              | For clarity                              |
| 5.46 – 1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>nd</sup> lines  | Α  | Inspector's question ICD3 | Factual<br>Correction                                |  |
| 5.52 – 9 <sup>th</sup> / 10 <sup>th</sup> lines | Replace last sentence of paragraph with 'Suitable sites will be identified and allocated in each authorities subsequent Development Plan Documents. Full details can be found in each authority's respective Local Development Scheme.'  | Α                         | Inspector's question ICD3                            | Factual<br>Correction                    |
| 5.53 and 5.54                                   | Amend paragraphs 5.53 and 5.54 and table as follows:  Comparison Retail Floorspace Requirements 2006-2026 Retail floorspace targets  | В                         | NLP, hearing session 6 and Inspector's question ICD3 | For clarity<br>and factual<br>correction |
|   | 5.53 The RSS Phase 2 Revision sets <b>requirements</b> targets for the provision of additional gross comparison retail floorspace for the 2006 – 2026 plan period. These <b>requirements</b> targets are set out in the table below -  |                           |  |  |

|      |   |  | Newcastle under Lyme   | Stoke on Trent  |   |   |   |             |
|------|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|-------------|
|      |   | Additional<br>comparison<br>floorspace<br>(m²) for 2006 – 2021   | 25,000   | 80,000  |   |   |   |             |
|      |   | Additional comparison floorspace (m²) for 2021 – 2026  | 10,000   | 40,000  |   |   |   |             |
|      |   | Total  | 35,000   | 120,000   |   |   |   |             |
| E 50 | S<br>th<br>ir<br>b<br>fe<br>a<br>ir<br>d<br>S | hased over two time per patial Strategy revision ne 2021-2026 period but need to meet requirefore 2016. proposals orward earlier in the plan all commitments as of April each authorities subsetails can be found in acheme. | states that local audut that planning perements arising after to meet needs beyon period. These required 2006. Suitable sequent Developmeach authority's result that planting the sequent period authority's result that planting the sequent period authority's result that planting the sequent planting the sequent planting that planting the sequent planting that planting the sequent planti | thorities should have rmission for developmer 2021 should not be not 2021 should not be uirements targets are tes will be identified an ent Plan Documents. | regard to nents granted brought inclusive of d allocated Full | D | Highways  | For elevity |
| 5.56 | "The plan<br>Plan 4 ind<br>Governme           | aragraph to read:-<br>area is crossed by a nu<br>cluding the national Sou<br>ent's detailed intentions<br>I by the Highways Age  | th East to North We<br>in respect of the M6  | st transportation corrido<br>are awaited. The A50   | or. The<br>0/A50,   | В | Highways<br>Agency and<br>Inspector's<br>matter 3 | For clarity |

|   | remains a critical connection between the North Staffordshire Major Urban Area and the national road network. We need to strike a balance between maintaining the strategic function of the trunk road network together with accommodating traffic arising from the sustained regeneration of the North Staffordshire Major Urban Area. Whilst it can be anticipated that the sustained regeneration of the conurbation will lead to an increase in the current levels of traffic on both the strategic and local highway networks, Government policy requires that, if possible, this will need to be accommodated without building unnecessary new roads. The emphasis will be on reducing the impact of road users on each other and the environment, improving road performance through better network management and making smarter journey choices easier". |   |  |             |
|---|---|---|--|-------------|
| SP3 – page 52                           | Delete 'Spatial principles' from top of page and replace 'SP3' heading in grey box with 'Policy SP3 Spatial Principles of Movement and Access'  | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 1                         | For clarity |
| SP3 – Point 6                           | Amend point 6 to read:  '6. Progressive development of Strategic Park and Ride facilities'  | А | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 2                         | For clarity |
| 5.65                                    | Amend first sentence to read:  'There is no known infrastructural obstacle to the delivery of the Core Spatial Strategy, as set out within the Strategic Infrastructure Planning Document which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base (See Appendix 2).'  | В | Inspector's<br>question<br>ICD8                            | For clarity |
| 5.66-5.268 - Area Spatial<br>Strategies | To be reformatted to include as policies (see Annex 1) thus replacing paragraphs 5.66 to 5.268 of the submitted Core Spatial Strategy. There are no significant changes to the content of these sections but note:  General  • Some paragraphs have been re-ordered and numbered;   | В | Inspector, hearing session 1 and Inspector's question ICD6 | For clarity |

| <ul> <li>Housing development targets are now expressed as minima for ASP1, ASP2, ASP3 and ASP5;</li> <li>Housing development targets now cover the period 2006 – 2026 for ASP1, ASP2 and ASP3 in accordance with Council's Hearing Document 11;</li> <li>Reference has been made to the Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery</li> </ul>   |  |
|---|--|
| Document in the implementation section of the strategies.  ASP1   |  |
| <ul> <li>The definition of the 'primary shopping core' has been amended to 'primary shopping area' where relevant in the interests of clarity;</li> <li>Reference to Lichfield Street, Bryan Street and the Potteries way to the north, east and south added to point 4 of Policy ASP1.</li> </ul>  |  |
| ASP2  |  |
| *None   |  |
| ASP3  |  |
| <ul> <li>Rural green belt area of Stoke-on-Trent is referred to within introductory paragraph (5.131) rather than the Rural Area Strategy (ASP6);</li> <li>Reference to the outcome of the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) Revision (as referred to in paragraph 2.11) added to point 1 of Policy ASP3;</li> <li>Reference to Green Belt developments requirements added to paragraph 5.140.</li> </ul> |  |
| ASP4  |  |
| <ul> <li>ASP 4 Point 7 refers to a new leisure complex rather than a 'Sports Village' complex to reflect changing circumstances since the Core Spatial Strategy was submitted;</li> <li>Paragraph 5.157 of the reasoned justification now includes a reference to the findings of the SHLAA;</li> </ul>   |  |

|      |                            | The housing figures for Newcastle Town Centre (ASP4) have been amalgamated into a smaller number of groups together with those for the Newcastle & Kidsgrove Urban Neighbourhoods (see ASP5)  ASP5  |   |                           |                 |
|------|----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|-----------------|
|      |                            | <ul> <li>ASP5 – Point 1 development target areas have been changed in line with CCD4d (paragraph 8);</li> <li>Reference to the outcome of the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) Revision (as referred to in paragraph 2.11) added to point 1 of Policy ASP5;</li> <li>ASP5 now includes reference to the North Staffs Local Transport Plan under point 9, in addition to previous references in reasoned justification.</li> </ul> ASP6   |   |                           |                 |
|      |                            | <ul> <li>Definition of rural area amended in introductory paragraph 5.194 accordance with CCD6 (paragraph 2.5);</li> <li>ASP6 point 2 has been altered to clarify the positive approach to rural enterprise in accordance with Councils Hearing Document 13;</li> <li>ASP6 point 9 now includes reference to the Staffordshire Local Transport Plan.</li> <li>Description of Keele amended at paragraphs 5.209 and 5.210 to reflect Councils Hearing Statement 5 (paragraph 31);</li> </ul> |   |                           |                 |
| Core | e Strategic Policies       |   |   |                           |                 |
|      | 6.8 – 9 <sup>th</sup> line | Delete '(Appendix 2)'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3 | For clarity     |
|      | 6.9 – 1 <sup>st</sup> line | Amend sentence to read:-  'The following Core spatial policy policies 1-3 will seek to deliver the following key principles'  | A | Inspector's<br>matter 9   | Typing<br>Error |

| 6.22/ 6.23                                | Insert line break between 2 paragraphs  | А | Inspector's question ICD3  | Typing<br>Error |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------|
| 6.24 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> line               | Replace 'SA18' with SA17'   | A | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 9                                    | Typing<br>Error |
| Policy CSP4 – Natural<br>Assets – Point 1 | Amend policy to read:-  'Working with relevant partners to enhance the plan area's natural habitats and biodiversity to achieve the outcomes and targets set out in <b>UK Biodiversity Action Plan</b> , the Staffordshire Biodiversity Action Plan and the Staffordshire Geodiversity Action Plan'   | В | Representors,<br>Inspector's<br>matter 9 and<br>hearing<br>session 9 | For clarity     |
| Policy CSP4 – Natural<br>Assets – Point 2 | Amend policy to read:-  'Working with relevant partners to achieve significant improvements to the condition of the plan area's internationally designated Ramsar sites, nationally designated Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), locally designated Sites of Biological Importance (SBI) and Local Wildlife Sites, Regionally Important Geological/Geomorphological Sites (RIGS) and Local Nature Reserves;'   | В | Representor<br>and<br>Inspector's<br>matter 9                        | For clarity     |
| Policy CSP4 – Natural<br>Assets – Point 3 | Amend policy to read:-  'Ensuring that the location, scale and nature of all development planned and delivered through this Core Spatial Strategy avoids and mitigates adverse impacts, minimises any unavoidable impact upon and wherever possible enhances, the plan area's distinctive natural assets, landscape character, waterways, network of urban green corridors and priority species and habitats identified in the UK Biodiversity Action Plan and the Staffordshire Biodiversity Action Plan;' | В | Representors,<br>Inspector's<br>matter 9 and<br>hearing<br>session 9 | For clarity     |

|        | y CSP4 – Natural<br>ts – Point 4                            | Amend policy to read:-  'Ensuring that the value of previously developed land as a source of biodiversity is recognised and appropriate measures are taken to reduce the negative impact of development upon this resource and wherever possible to achieve an enhancement'.   | В | Representors,<br>and<br>Inspector's<br>matter 9   | For clarity           |
|--------|---|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| 6.34 - | – 4 <sup>th</sup> / 5 <sup>th</sup> / 6 <sup>th</sup> lines | Replace 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence of paragraph with 'A screening exercise was carried out to identify any potential significant effects and therefore the need to carry out a full Appropriate Assessment of the Core Spatial Strategy. As a result of this exercise, it was determined, in consultation with Natural England, that a full Appropriate Assessment of the Core Spatial Strategy was not necessary. The process and outcomes of this exercise are set out in the Screening Report for Newcastle-under-Lyme and Stoke-on-Trent Core Spatial Strategy (July 2008).' | A | Inspector's<br>question<br>ICD3                   | For clarity           |
| 6.37   |   | Replace entire paragraph with 'The identification of specific natural assets – SSSIs, SBIs, Local Nature Reserves etc, and detailed criteria based policies for their protection, will be included in future Development Plan Documents, and Proposals Maps. Further details are available in each authority's Local Development Scheme.'  | A | Inspector's question ICD3                         | For clarity           |
| 6.43   | – 13 <sup>th</sup> / 14 <sup>th</sup> lines                 | Replace final sentence of paragraph with 'The findings will be taken forward through future Development Plan Documents as set out in each authority's Local Development Scheme.'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3                         | Factual<br>Correction |
| 6.43   |   | New sentence added at end of existing paragraph to read:-  'Parish Plans and other similar studies will help to provide a more detailed picture of specific community need and demand in the rural area, and help towards the identification of local standards. Studies will continue to be undertaken to update and refine existing data to ensure a comprehensive picture of need and demand is maintained'   | В | Councillor<br>Tomkins,<br>Inspector's<br>matter 8 | For clarity           |

| Policy CSP5 – Open space/Sport/Recreation –    | Amend policy to read:-   | В | Sport<br>England,         | For clarity           |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Point 2  | Policy CSP5 - Open Space/Sport/Recreation  |   | hearing<br>session 8      |                       |
|  | The plan area's open space, sports and leisure assets will be enhanced, maintained and protected through the following measures -  |   |                           |                       |
|  | Close partnership working to deliver the key elements of the Urban North     Staffordshire Green Space Strategy  |   |                           |                       |
|  | 2. Close partnership working to deliver improved quality and accessibility, and additional sports and leisure facilities will be developed to meet local needs identified in Newcastle's Leisure Needs and Playing Pitch Strategy and Stoke's Sport and Physical Activity Strategy and any approved revisions or replacement strategies.             |   |                           |                       |
|  | 3. Ensuring that all new residential development will be linked to existing and new open spaces <b>and sport and recreation facilities</b> through a series of well defined safe routes/streets, incorporating pedestrian friendly routes and cycle ways   |   |                           |                       |
|  | 4. Ensuring that the plan area's network of open spaces, <b>sports and leisure assets</b> are interlinked and accessible to all, secure, and provide quality leisure and amenity facilities  |   |                           |                       |
|  | 5. Developer contributions will be sought to provide a key funding source to meet the needs of new residents and for the delivery of Newcastle's Leisure Needs and Playing Pitch Strategy, Stoke's Sport and Physical Activity Strategy and the Urban North Staffordshire Green Space Strategy and any approved revisions or replacement strategies. |   |                           |                       |
| 6.45 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> / 4 <sup>th</sup> lines | Replace 'Development Control Policy documents and supplementary guidance' with 'in future Development Plan Documents and in the case of Newcastle, the Developer Contributions Supplementary Planning Document.'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3 | Factual<br>Correction |

|     | 6.56 -1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>nd</sup> lines                    | Replace with 'Sites will be identified in future Development Plan Documents, as set out in each authority's Local Development Scheme, that satisfy the criteria set out below –'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3             | Factual<br>Correction |
|-----|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
|     | 6.57 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> / 3 <sup>rd</sup> / 4 <sup>th</sup> lines | Replace 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence of paragraph with 'Where necessary additional sites will be identified in future Development Plan Documents that include site allocations. Further details can be found in each authority's Local Development Scheme.'  | A | Inspector's question ICD3             | Factual<br>Correction |
|     | 6.61 – CSP8  | Replace 'Minerals' with 'Minerals in Stoke-on-Trent'   | A | Inspector's question ICD3             | Factual<br>Correction |
|     | Policy CSP8 – Minerals in<br>Stoke-on-Trent                      | Amend policy to read: -  'Potential valuable reserves of Scarce Etruria Marl resources and reserves are located within the general mineral safeguard areas and permitted clay workings shown on Plan 9. All reasonable steps should be taken to avoid sterilisation of proven, viable reserves the mineral.' | В | Inspector's<br>matter 11              | For clarity           |
|     | Policy CSP 10  | Replace 'Agreements' with 'Obligations' in policy title.   | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 6    | Factual               |
|     | Policy CSP 10 – Point 5  | Add 'sports and recreation facilities'   | В | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session<br>6 | For clarity           |
| Imp | lementation  |  |   |                                       |                       |
|     | 7.1 – 7 <sup>th</sup> / 8 <sup>th</sup> lines                    | Replace last sentence of paragraph with 'Detailed implementation programmes will be set out in future DPDs that include site allocations. Further details are provided in each authority's Local Development Scheme.'  | A | Inspector's question ICD3             | Factual<br>Correction |

|     | 7.1                   | 'As part of the evidence base for the preparation of the Core Spatial Strategy the Councils have prepared a comprehensive Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base (See Appendix 2). This schedule examines the accessibility and transportation infrastructure, social infrastructure and physical/utility infrastructure required to support the strategy' | A | Inspector's<br>question<br>ICD8                                       | For clarity |
|-----|-----------------------|---|---|---|-------------|
| Mon | nitoring Framework    |   |   |   |             |
|     | 8.4                   | New sentence at end of existing Paragraph to read:  'The Core Spatial Strategy Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document will be subject to annual monitoring and review through the Local Development Framework Annual Monitoring Report (AMR).'   | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 6                                    | For clarity |
|     | Page 114 – 119        | Changes to the monitoring section of the Core Spatial Strategy are set out in Annex 2.  | A | Representors,<br>Inspector's<br>matter 12<br>and hearing<br>session 6 | For clarity |
| Арр | endices               |   |   |   |             |
|     | Appendix 1 – Glossary | 'Employment Generating Uses: All business use classes, as defined under the Use Class Order (B1: Business, B2: General Industrial and B8: Storage and Distribution), and closely related sui generis uses are considered to be employment generating uses. Other use classes such as B1a): office; A1: Retail and D2: Assembly and Leisure are also employment generating but in locational   | В | Councils,<br>Inspector's<br>matter 6                                  | For clarity |

|     |            | terms should be considered in to these town centre uses'.  | the context of appropriate policy guidance relating   |   |                                    |                              |
|-----|------------|--|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|     | Appendix 2 | Replace 'Virtual Library' with 'Evid   | lence Base'.  | А | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 4 | For clarity                  |
|     | Appendix 2 | Add following documents to list:-     Core Strategy Strategic In     Stoke-on-Trent – Study of (2006). | nfrastructure Planning;<br>f Development Viability Impacts of Policy Proposals  | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 6 | Factual<br>update            |
|     | Appendix 6 | on-Trent Minerals Plan.  | nt Minerals Local Plan (Adopted December 1999)  Replacement part of the Core Spatial Strategy  Policy CSP8 - Minerals | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 9 | Factual<br>Correction        |
| Nex | t steps    |  |   |   |                                    |                              |
|     | 9          | Delete   |   | А | Inspector's question ICD3          | To update<br>the<br>document |

| Proposals Maps  |   |   |                                   |                       |  |  |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Newcastle-under-Lyme<br>Proposals Map (West)              | Add Keele village boundary.   | A | Inspector's matter 1              | Factual<br>Correction |  |  |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme<br>Proposals Map                     | Map key amended to group community facilities under one colour coding.  | A | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 1 | For clarit            |  |  |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme<br>Proposals Map                     | Map key amended to group Country Parks and Countryside Parks under one colour coding.   | A | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 1 | For clarit            |  |  |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme<br>Proposals Map                     | Map key amended to group all employment policies under one colour coding.   | A | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 1 | For clarit            |  |  |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme<br>Proposals Map                     | The scale of the map has been changed: The North sheet is no 1:12,500 to improve legibility. However, due to the shape and scale of the Southern area of the Borough, this segment of the map has been set to scale 1:20,000. | A | Councils,<br>hearing<br>session 1 | For clari             |  |  |
| Newcastle-under-Lyme<br>Proposals Maps (East and<br>West) | Add designated international and national biodiversity sites.   | В | Inspector's matter 9              | Factua<br>Correction  |  |  |
| Stoke-on-Trent Proposals<br>Maps (North and South)        | Add designated national biodiversity sites.   | В | Inspector's matter 9              | Factua<br>Correction  |  |  |

| Plar | ns/Diagrams                          |   |   |  |                       |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------|
|      | Plan 2                               | On key – replace 'RENEW' with 'RENEW Housing Market Renewal Pathfinder Boundary' and replace 'Regeneration Zone' with 'North Staffordshire Regeneration Zone'.  At bottom of plan insert 'Source: RENEW Prospectus March 2004 and North Staffordshire Zone Implementation Plan - 2006-09' | A | Inspectors<br>matter 1 and<br>Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 6 | For clarity           |
|      | Plan 3                               | Replace in the key 'Newcastle and Kidsgrove Outer Urban Ares' with 'Newcastle and Kidsgrove Urban Neighbourhoods'.  | A | Inspector's question ICD6  | Factual<br>Correction |
|      | Plan 5                               | Add University Boulevard and Stoke station to Plan 5; and indicate line of Etruria Road corridor in red.  | A | Inspector,<br>session 3  | Factual<br>Correction |
|      | Plan 5                               | Replace in the key 'Significant Urban Core' with 'Significant Urban Centre'   | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 1                               | Factual<br>Correction |
|      | Plan 5                               | Burslem and Stoke symbols on the plan to reflect symbol on the key for Significant Urban Centre.  | A | Inspector,<br>hearing<br>session 1                               | Factual<br>Correction |
|      | Plans 5, 6, 7 and Key<br>Diagram (1) | Number the areas of housing intervention on plans 5, 6 and 7 as per the key diagram and insert a schedule (Appendix 1 of CHD4) relating the numbers to names on the key diagram and plans 5, 6 and 7.   | А | Inspector's matter 1 and session 1                               | For clarity           |
|      | Plan 8                               | Remove Stoke-on-Trent green belt area from plan.  | А | Inspector's question ICD6  | For clarity           |

| Key Diagram (1) | Park and Ride symbol added at Chatterley Valley. | Α | Inspector, | Factual    |
|-----------------|--|---|------------|------------|
|                 |  |   | hearing    | Correction |
|                 |  |   | session 2  |            |

# Annex 1

# **Area Spatial Strategies**

# City Centre of Stoke-on-Trent Area Spatial Strategy

5.66 This area includes the core, traditional city centre bounded by the Potteries Way ring road and the complementary Etruria Road Corridor. The complementary Festival Park / Festival Heights forms part of the Stoke-on-Trent Inner Urban Core.

### Vision

- 5.67 "To create a thriving, diverse and nationally recognised highly performing City Centre. By 2026 the City Centre will have an expanded primary shopping area, a new business district, a distinct cultural quarter and provide for a range of City Centre living opportunities not currently available. These developments and others in the private, public and voluntary sector will be set within a network of accessible, attractive, safe and largely traffic free open spaces well served by all forms of public transport. Linkages to and from the City Centre to outlying areas will be capitalised upon through the creation of specific boulevards and welcoming gateways. Mixed use employment, commercial enterprise and residential accommodation not readily able to locate within a completed Potteries Way will be accommodated to the west of the Potteries Way. Destined to grow the City Centre will serve the needs and aspirations of all its user groups."
- 5.68 This vision for the future of the City Centre will be achieved through the strategy outlined below and amplified through the City Centre and Etruria Road Corridor Area Action Plan.

# **Area Spatial Policies**

# ASP1 – City Centre of Stoke-on-Trent Area Spatial Policy

- 1. For the plan period 2006-2026 the strategy seeks to repopulate the city centre and revitalise a housing market which is currently weak. Provision will be made for a minimum of 500 dwellings designed to contribute positively to the character, vibrancy and sustainability of the city centre.
- 2. Over the plan period 2006 2026 mixed use proposals will provide for 80,000m2 of additional gross comparison retail floorspace to 2021 and a further 40,000m2 to 2026 plus 85,000m2 of additional gross office floorspace within or on the edge of the core city centre.
- 3. The City Centre of Stoke-on-Trent is the largest retail destination in North Staffordshire and South Cheshire. The Centre has a primary role at a sub-regional level in attracting large scale shopping development. It is the popular location for business and brands of national renown. The aim is to promote a broad spectrum of uses, attractions and facilities, encompassing commercial development, shopping, leisure and cultural attractions, community facilities and housing. It will be important to ensure that the City Centre retains the focus for city centre type uses with new development in the remainder of the plan area fulfilling a complementary rather than competitive role and recognising the individuality of the other centres within the hierarchy.
- 4. The primary shopping area will be expanded between Lichfield Street/Stafford Street/Bryan Street and the Potteries Way to the north, east and south. An additional magnet of attraction will be created by the retail led redevelopment of the East and West Precincts to complement the developing retail focus at the Potteries Shopping centre.
- 5. The Cultural Quarter will be enhanced and its appeal expanded to incorporate more creative activities and complementary functions.

Continued:

#### **ASP1 Continued:**

- A new, large scale, high density central business district will be 6. provided in the south western sector of the centre to help diversify the local economy and support the shopping area. This is of critical importance to the delivery of the City Centre's long term growth prospects. Hope Village will become an exciting and vibrant guarter of the City Centre where people choose to live. work and visit. It will be a viable and high quality mixed use area including business, leisure and support retail provision, together with a high quality residential environment appropriate for a city centre location which respects the area's historical context. It will be important to consider the details of pedestrian and cycle movement in association with public realm and greenspace enhancements to ensure that the severance effects of the new Inner Ring Road do not create undue barriers to connections between the inner urban core area to the north and north west and the City Centre to the south and south east.
- 7. High density city centre living will be encouraged and the Hope Village area will be regenerated to provide for residential and appropriate commercial uses, all in keeping with the leisure based activities within the area.
- 8. The Etruria Road corridor and western links of the Potteries Way will be the focus for complementary city centre uses which cannot reasonably be accommodated within the traditional core and which would not prejudice the sustained regeneration of that core.
- 9. Land to the north and south of the corridor will be brought forward for a mix of residential and employment uses.
- 10. The growth of traffic generation in the city centre will be reduced by the introduction of remote park and ride facilities. The city centre will be served by a strategic network of perimeter quality public car parks.
- 11. Public transport access to the city centre will be enhanced by development of quality bus routes along radiating roads and linking to improvements for all public transport modes within the centre and to a new bus station in close proximity to the East and West Precincts development.
- 12. The National Cycle Network passing through the area will be provided with better connections to the rest of the City.
- 13. Public places and green spaces within the city centre will be improved for the benefit of pedestrians and better connections provided between Central Forest Park, Festival Park and Hanley Park via the city centre.

#### Continued:

#### **ASP1 Continued:**

- 14. The missing links of the Potteries Way will be provided and steps taken to reduce the constraints to non-vehicular movement provided by the existing highway and connections along Etruria Road (the Business Boulevard) to Festival Park, the A500 and Newcastle improved. The connection between the city centre to the University Quarter, Stoke railway station and Stoke town centre by means of the University Boulevard will be enhanced. How to provide detailed better linkages to Burslem in the north and to the east of the City by means of the Hanley-Bentilee Link Road are being considered.
- 15. High standards of urban design will be expected for the city centre which embrace the best principles of modern design and are sensitive to the existing, valued character of the area.

#### Reasoned Justification

- 5.69 This strategy is in general conformity with emerging Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS). It links to strategic aims SA1 5 inclusive, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17 and 18 and takes forward the adopted Community Strategy. The sustained regeneration of the City centre is a key plank in the North Staffordshire Regeneration Partners Business Plan.
- 5.70 There is a need to further invest in the City Centre to improve its accessibility and performance as a regionally important shopping destination. RSS Revision and local retail projections indicate that there is retail growth potential above and beyond existing planning commitments to allow the City Centre to develop additional retail attractions and better compete with its peers in the regional arena. The strategy expands upon the existing primary shopping area in a measured manner. Development of two poles of attraction within the centre will help raise the centre's profile and spread pedestrian footfall for the benefit of all.
- 5.71 Existing retail, leisure and other city centre type activities at Festival Park, Festival Heights and alongside the Etruria Road corridor is a fact of life. The strategy seeks to clarify the relationships with the traditional core city centre so that the component areas can operate in harmony.
- 5.72 The vitality and vibrancy of the city centre is about more than just shopping. The development of the cultural quarter as a venue for the arts has been a success but it needs to be further developed and its appeal widened to embrace the creative activities. The continued focus of all forms of leisure and entertainment activities in all their many forms helps enrich the centre but must be properly planned to ensure peaceful co-existence.
- 5.73 The diversification of the local economy is an important priority and provision should be made for a portfolio of office development from high density concentration to lower density offer and throughout the city centre as part of a mix of uses. This will help support the retail and other commercial functions

of the centre and complement attempts to repopulate the city centre. Additionally it is proposed to promote a Central Business District which is designed to establish a critical mass of new high quality office employment with national appeal to professional and service industries. The centrally located cluster of new modern offices will provide a high quality working environment for existing and new businesses providing a new direct investment and secondary investment in the service sector supporting an expanding office employment base.

- 5.74 The concept of high quality city living is an important component of a vibrant, sustainable urban environment. This is a relatively new market for the city centre and there is known developer interest to bring forward such schemes. Modest minimum provision is made for residential development. In order to help create this new, quality residential market no provision for affordable housing will be sought within the Potteries Way for the foreseeable future. Detailed design considerations will be particularly important to ensure we can create an attractive residential environment.
- 5.75 The reduction of reliance on the private car follows the strategic steer provided by national and regional policy and will help facilitate delivery of the radical transformation of the North Staffordshire Major Urban Area. To reduce traffic congestion motorists must be encouraged to switch from use of the private car to alternative means of travel choice. One mechanism to achieve this is through the development of park and ride facilities in key strategic locations and improving the delivery of bus priority measures. The provision of a park and ride system would also enable the rationalisation of car parking provision within centres to be investigated.
- 5.76 Improvements to public transport and particularly use of buses will be a pragmatic response to changing travel behaviour and patterns. In terms of the City Centre this can be achieved by greater priority being given to public transport operations such as introduction of bus corridors
- 5.77 The existing City Centre bus station is at the hub of the North Staffordshire bus and coach service. From a passenger perspective its waiting environment is unattractive and not conducive to encouraging bus travel. We wish to bring forward a new "state of the art" bus station to serve the sub region; provide a high quality and safe environment to meet the needs of increasing numbers of passengers from improvements to existing bus services, extra services from development areas and park and ride services, and as a multi-modal transport facility addressing any barriers to interchange.
- 5.78 The National Cycle Network in the city is complete. To encourage cycling opportunities will be taken to improve local connections as part of the development of neighbouring areas.
- 5.79 The attractiveness and comfort of the city centre is in part determined by the quality, variety and appeal of its public spaces and public realm. Detailed proposals are being worked up to enhance this aspect of the City Centre to complement commercial investment. Pedestrians should be able to more easily permeate the collar provided by the ring road to encourage use of the centre and connections to the commercial areas at Festival Park/Heights and the greenspaces at Central Forest Park and Hanley Park.

- 5.80 Planning permission exists for completion of the Potteries Way as part of the requirements of neighbouring commercial development. The City Centre Development Framework identified the strategic advantages arising from the creation of the Business District and University Boulevards to better link areas of regeneration and connections to the city centre. These concepts are taken forward in this strategy.
- 5.81 Improving the quality of built design which respects local sensitivities will be particularly important in the City Centre because of the number of people using the centre, and for many residents and visitors it will provide a lasting impression of how the plan area is changing for the better.

# Implementation

- 5.82 The City Centre Development Framework set out a prospectus to develop the City Centre and was complemented by an Investment Strategy. This forms the basis for the preparation of the North Staffordshire Regeneration Partnerships' Business Plan to take forward key regeneration projects. Subject to detailed appraisals there are no known insurmountable physical constraints to implementation of the strategy set out above, as set out within the Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document which forms part of the Local Development Framework Core Spatial Strategy evidence base.
- 5.83 There is active developer and landowner interest seeking to bring forward retail aspirations in a measured manner which will complement the regeneration aspirations of the city centre. We all share a common aim to see the city centre prosper in accordance with the parameters set out in strategic planning policy.
- A joint venture partnership has been established between the City Council and private developers to bring forward the East and West Precincts mixed use regeneration proposals as a short term priority including the provision of the replacement bus station and strategic car parking facilities in the south eastern sector of the City Centre. Potential exists for beneficial dialogue with developers to then bring forward mixed use regeneration and expansion of the northern part of the primary shopping area including strategic car parking provision. Planning permission exists for the relocation of the Tesco store and creation of new Retail and Leisure Park off Waterloo Road incorporating provision of the missing links of the Potteries Way and site preparation has commenced.
- 5.85 The Partnership is also working to produce detailed investment strategies and masterplans to secure the development of the Cultural Quarter to stimulate the production and consumption of high quality creative services linked to the Business District and Primary Shopping Area. This will help facilitate a stronger twilight economy enhancing the appeal of the centre in the evening and at night.
- 5.86 The embryonic business district is in multiple ownership. The Partnership is working to develop viable proposals to secure the comprehensive mixed use regeneration of the south western sector of the City Centre incorporating office and strategic car parking provision.

- 5.87 There is active developer interest in respect of residential development and detailed schemes are being worked up for examination by the planning authority.
- 5.88 Land, particularly to the south of the Etruria Road corridor has latent development potential and is being assembled by developer interests to progressively bring forward a package including investment in essential infrastructure, all in accordance with this strategy.
- 5.89 Investment in the transport infrastructure of the city centre will be derived from a cocktail of funds including developer contributions. A preliminary city centre transport study has been completed and will form the basis of detailed schemes and investment programmes, in full consultation with stakeholders and interested parties. Of particular importance will be investment in the public realm of the city centre. Following an international design competition consultants have been appointed to remodel the public realm in the core area and investigate the connectivity to neighbouring areas.
- 5.90 High standards of urban design will be expected for the city centre. Steps are being taken to provide more detailed design guidance for the whole of the plan area and to inform city and town centre design. Consideration is also being given to the extension of the existing City Centre conservation area to strengthen design considerations.

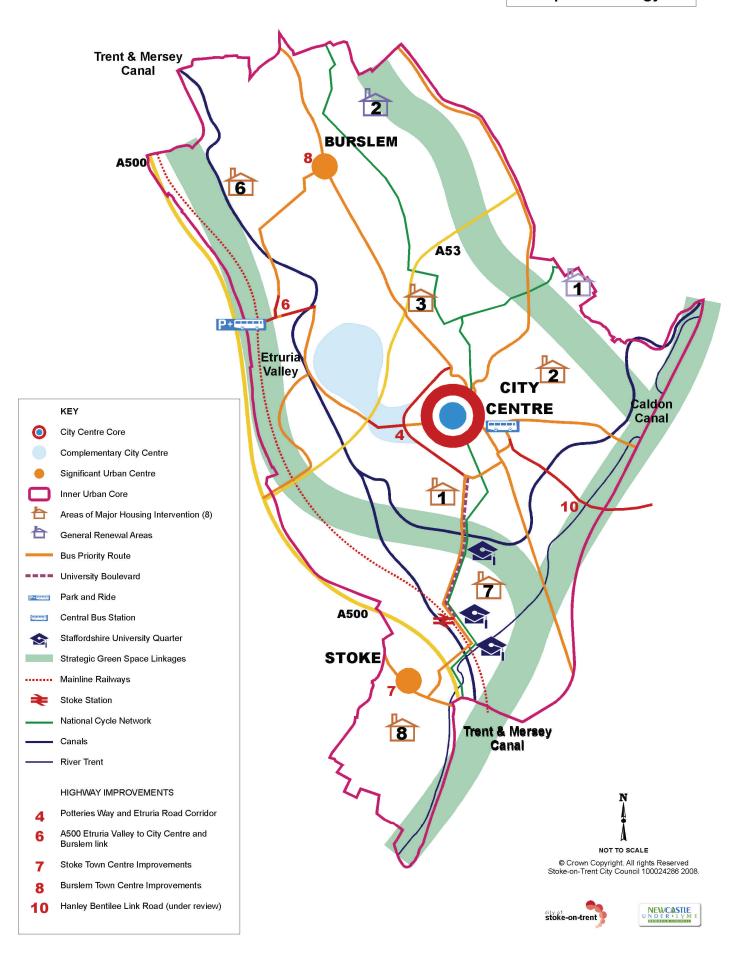
# Stoke-on-Trent Inner Urban Core Area Spatial Strategy

5.91 The Inner Urban Core (excluding the City Centre), extends from Burslem in the north to Stoke-upon-Trent in the south; and from the A500 and City Council administrative boundary in the west to the valley of the River Trent and Fenton Manor in the east. It contains the historic heart of the conurbation, the town centres of Burslem and Stoke-upon-Trent and includes the seats of higher education in the City.

#### Vision

- 5.92 "To create attractive, vibrant and sustainable communities in the heart of the City. The Strategy will provide for increased vitality and vibrancy of Burslem and Stoke-upon-Trent town centres and improve accessibility and availability of modern local facilities. Housing growth will be focused to address specific regeneration priorities at general densities of 50 dwellings per hectare, and the creation of new employment opportunities through major new development will maximise economic potential. The towns of Burslem and Stoke-upon-Trent will re-establish their distinctive roles within the hierarchy of town centres. Burslem town centre will be developed as a centre for cultural and creative enterprise and be recognised as a prime example in the West Midlands of heritage led regeneration. Stoke-upon-Trent town centre will retain its role as an administrative centre, a University town and a nationally important destination for ceramics factory shopping. Surrounding areas, including Middleport, Cobridge, City Waterside, Northwood, Shelton and Stoke, will have a fusion of different uses. including residential, commercial, and industrial and community facilities enhanced by a welcoming and inviting high quality built and natural environment."
- 5.93 This vision for the future of the Inner Urban Core will be achieved through the strategy outlined below as illustrated on Plan 5 and amplified through the Inner Urban Core Area Action Plan.

Plan 5 - City Centre and Inner Urban Core Spatial Strategy



### ASP2 – Stoke-on-Trent Inner Urban Core Area Spatial Policy

- 1. For the plan period 2006-2026, delivery of a minimum of 5,800 dwellings (net) where they will best support renewal of the local housing market, communities and town centres.
- 2. The creation of more sustainable communities based on a programme of progressive urban renewal providing improvements to the urban fabric and building stock and taking advantage of the area's proximity to services, greenspace, watercourses and topography.
- 3. Appraisal of detailed proposals to determine their impacts and appropriate contributions to infrastructure provision.
- 4. Investment in health and education, possibly including higher level school facilities.
- 5. Further investment in sports, leisure facilities and greenspace where shortfalls are identified.
- 6. Bus priority measures along radial routes.
- 7. Cycleway improvements.
- 8. The Hanley-Bentilee link road remains under review.
- 9. Bus Priority measures will be further developed including the following routes
- Longton Fenton City Centre;
- Fenton Stoke Newcastle;
- Stoke Stoke Station City Centre;
- City Centre Bucknall Bentilee;
- City Centre Burslem Tunstall;
- City Centre Smallthorne Sneyd Green; and
- City Centre Etruria Valley Burslem.
- 10. It is proposed to develop the following transport infrastructure proposals:
- Etruria Valley Park and Ride Facility;
- Cycleway improvements;
- Canal enhancements;
- Etruria Valley to City Centre and Burslem Link;
- Stoke Town Centre highway improvements including the Inner Relief Road:
- Burslem Town Centre highway improvements.

### **ASP2 Continued:**

- 11. Burslem providing opportunities for a wide range of housing, bringing vacant land and buildings into new uses. Accessibility and connections to surrounding communities will be improved and highway improvements carried out in the town centre. The town's image will be enhanced by high standards of conservation, improvements to the public realm and design and innovation in the ceramics industry will be supported.

  Sustainable mixed use schemes will provide for some 2,000m2 of additional retail development.
- 12. <u>Middleport</u> having a range of housing types, including significant amounts of family housing. Access and circulation will be improved for vehicles, cyclists and pedestrians, including provision for public transport services and linkages.
- 13. Etruria Valley being a major mixed use area for employment in the south and housing in the north. Improved sustainable transport facilities will be used as a catalyst for a major inward investment offer. A new link from the A500 to the city centre and Burslem plus park and ride facilities will be a critical element.
- 14. <u>City Centre North West</u> becoming a gateway to the city centre with high quality and well connected residential neighbourhoods, employment, community infrastructure and open spaces.
- 15. <u>City Centre East (Northwood)</u> having improved connections, particularly for pedestrians, to the city centre and Northwood Park. There may be opportunities for selective infill or small scale development.
- 16. City Centre South providing attractive waterside developments at City Waterside and Etruria. Linkages to key hubs such as the city centre, city approaches, railway station and university quarter will be strengthened. Opening up the Caldon Canal offers a key opportunity to provide a sustainable and well connected neighbourhood led by a range of good quality market housing with strong pedestrian linkages to the city centre.
- 17. South Shelton (University Quarter) providing integrated education-led development with both local and sub regional impact. Enhancement of the University Boulevard (College Road) to provide a quality strategic link between the railway station, University Quarter and city centre. The quality of existing housing environment will be raised and new housing will respond to the potential attraction of the area to younger residents, higher income households and the needs of local black and minority ethnic communities.

#### Continued:

#### **ASP2 Continued:**

- 18. Stoke being a focus for regeneration led by employment and services with housing in a supporting role. At least 4,000m2 net retail floorspace will be brought forward. There is an opportunity to create high quality mixed use including a commercial residential boulevard linking a regenerated town centre to its surroundings. Access problems will need to be resolved including an inner relief road.
- 19. <u>Burslem Park and Smallthorne</u> having minor development opportunities and environmental enhancement to support further stabilization of the housing market.

## **Reasoned Justification**

- 5.94 The transformation of the Inner Urban Core of the City is a regeneration priority of the North Staffordshire Regeneration Partnership. The historic heart of the conurbation has suffered marked decline over recent years with the loss of population and employment opportunities. Turning the area around for the benefit of existing and future residents will be critical to the health and well being of the conurbation.
- 5.96 Investment is required to create more sustainable communities based on a programme of progressive urban renewal providing improvements to the urban fabric and building stock and taking advantage of the areas proximity to services, greenspace, watercourses and topography.
- 5.97 The strategy aims to take full advantage of the canals and watercourse including the River Trent and Fowlea Brook threading through the area and enhance the strategic green space corridors flowing north east to south west and north west to south east through the area.
- 5.98 RENEW North Staffordshire's aspirations support the creation of mixed communities by encouraging developments with a mix of housing sizes, types and tenures and if possible the diversification of existing housing areas. There are Areas of Major Housing Intervention at City Centre South, Hanley East and North West, Middleport, Burslem and Etruria Valley, South Shelton and Stoke-upon-Trent. These areas will be subject to progressive renewal by a cocktail of new development, redevelopment and improvement having regard to area specific circumstances. The Housing Market Renewal programme has advanced Area Regeneration Frameworks (ARF) which have been the subject of stakeholder consultation and helped determine investment streams.
- 5.99 A minimum of 5,800<sup>5</sup> homes will be built in this area in the period up to 2026, where they best support renewal of the local housing market, communities and town centres. Detailed proposals will be subject to appraisal to determine their impacts and appropriate contribution to infrastructure provision.

- 5.100 The primary school system in the City has been subject to substantial investment in new and improved facilities and consideration is being given to investment in higher level school facilities taking into account the wider regeneration strategy.
- 5.101 Investment is also required in the primary health care system in the Inner Urban Core to ensure that new provision is informed by the Core Spatial Strategy.
- 5.102 An audit has been carried out of existing sports and greenspace facilities in the area to determine projected shortfalls and to support the case for further investment in sports and leisure facilities and greenspace to complement the Core Spatial Strategy.

# **Burslem/Middleport**

- 5.103 Historically Burslem has been characterised by a town centre surrounded by a ring of industry surrounded, in turn, by an area of residential areas. Due to economic changes the ring of industry has significantly declined in terms of its size and level of industrial activity. This has left a number of unattractive areas which do however, provide opportunities for future development. In recognition of shifting economic patterns and sustainability aspirations, the area adjoining the town centre will include significant new areas of housing. Employment uses will remain on a number of sites to ensure the provision of some locally accessible jobs.
- 5.104 Burslem town centre is important in the retail hierarchy as an historic town centre and has a vibrant cultural quality. It has limited comparison shopping but provides an important local convenience and service role and serves as a magnet for visitors to Stoke-on-Trent. Planned developments through the Housing Pathfinder Initiative to develop and enhance the local housing market will create an increased demand for retail provision. Such provision can be accommodated within sustainable mixed use schemes for approximately 2,000 square metres of additional retail development. Burslem contains many relics of the past but it is a living community that needs to develop as a focus for modern living, service provision and employment. Measures will be introduced to improve traffic circulation around the town centre so as to enhance the centre's attraction to visitors and residents alike.
- 5.105 Burslem town centre and its surrounding area provides an opportunity for a wide range of housing opportunities. In addition a masterplan has already been prepared for Burslem Town Centre, which seeks to
  - . develop the town as a housing destination of choice;
  - manage it to high standards of conservation;
  - reconnect the town with its surrounding communities and facilities;
  - increase accessibility by a range of modes of transport;
  - improve the public realm;
  - bring vacant land and buildings into new uses;
  - support design and innovation in the ceramics industry and
  - enhance the town's image to developers.

5.106 Middleport is currently characterised as a series of residential communities, and in many cases situated adjacent to industrial businesses still in operation or now vacant and derelict. The area will be predominantly residential, with some employment and local retail and community uses. It will provide a range of housing types, including significant amounts of family housing. In this area it will be fundamentally important to stitch new forms of residential development into the existing residential area, to rationalise the relationship with business uses and storage/industrial activities and to improve access and circulation arrangements for vehicles, cycles and pedestrians, including adequate provision for public transport services and linkages.

# **Burslem Park and Smallthorne General Renewal Areas (GRAs)**

5.107 The Burslem Park and Smallthorne General Renewal Areas to the east of Burslem Town Centre currently accommodate a range of residential properties, mainly older terraced family housing; the overall feel is one of defined traditional residential areas. Although there may be some minor development opportunities and opportunities for environmental enhancement to support further stabilisation of the housing market, most of these two GRA areas are not the subject of major proposals.

# **Etruria Valley**

- 5.108 The future of the previously developed land at Etruria Valley, a major area of 39 hectares of land sitting in close proximity to the City Centre and Burslem, needs to be resolved and properly integrated with the rest of the conurbation. The North Staffordshire Regeneration Partnership wants to see this area developed as a major mixed use area for employment (in the south), housing (in the north) and improved sustainable transport facilities which will be used as a catalyst for a major inward investment offer. It is also important to provide jobs for local people and to help them access these jobs through upskilling. Critical to the development of this area will be provision of improved connections from the A500 to both the City Centre and Burslem with provision for park and ride and sustainable transport.
- 5.109 The Etruria Road Corridor and Festival Park / Heights will continue to complement the traditional City Centre core of Stoke-on-Trent and the Etruria Road transport links upgraded.

# **City Centre North West (CCNW)**

5.110 The CCNW area will become a popular and diverse area comprising high quality, connected and sustainable residential neighbourhoods supported by thriving employment uses, attractive open spaces and excellent community infrastructure. It will act as a gateway to the City Centre and embrace its heritage and setting, preserving and enhancing architecture of merit and strength through quality design and development. As opportunities arise there will be attention to improving the Waterloo Road Corridor and Cobridge Lights junction to allow enhanced provision for this important north-south public transport corridor.

## **City Centre East (Northwood)**

5.111 No substantial new developments are planned for this area, although there may be opportunities for selective infill and smaller-scale redevelopment, especially closer to the City Centre. Fundamental to the future of Northwood will be reconnecting it to the City Centre which should include improved pedestrian linkages, ensuring safe quality routes accessible to all. There is recognition that the gateways and hubs facing the City Centre should be a priority for future investment to improve the poor quality environment adjacent to the ring road. In addition Northwood Park is the 'green heart' of the neighbourhood, where improving accessibility and linkages will be important.

# **City Centre South**

- 5.112 There is an opportunity to make the most of potentially attractive waterside locations to the east (City Waterside) and west (Etruria) of the area to ensure quality residential environments. It will be important to strengthen linkages to the key hubs such as the City Centre, City Approaches, University Quarter and the Railway Station. A key area within this AMI is City Waterside, a flagship regeneration area offering opportunities to open up the Caldon Canal and to provide a sustainable and well connected neighbourhood led by a range of good quality market housing with strong pedestrian linkages back to the City Centre.
- 5.113 The vision responds to the distinct qualities that exist in the Hanley area; the heritage streets and buildings, the dramatic hillside topography and the canal are integrated into the masterplan, alongside the need for different types of homes within walking distance to local schools, crèches, medical centres, greenspaces and convenience stores. The mix of housing here will reflect its location close to the City centre, with higher densities to the canal and family homes elsewhere. The balance of accommodation will need to be carefully managed to avoid oversupply of particular types and sizes of accommodation.
- 5.114 A truly sustainable residential neighbourhood will be provided featuring a high quality and mixed tenure urban living environment close to the Caldon Canal and the University Quarter that will provide a safe and sustainable community for residents, including attracting new knowledge workers to Stoke-on-Trent.

# **South Shelton (University Quarter)**

5.115 The main driver for this area will be the education led University Quarter, which will have a local as well as a sub-regional impact. Key to supporting this will be the enhancement of the College Road Boulevard, creating and maximising the potential of a quality strategic link between the Train Station / University Quarter and the City Centre. The opportunity for significant new build housing development is limited but investment in the existing housing environs to raise the quality of the wider environment will be essential. Access improvements and environmental quality will need careful attention and the relationship to the regeneration of Stoke Town Centre will also be developed as more detailed work is brought forward for these adjoining areas. The types of housing will respond to the potential attraction of the area to younger residents and to higher income households using public transport for access to work and to the City Centre. Attention will also be given to the

- range of BME community requirements especially in the local communities living in the west and south of the area.
- 5.116 The University, Stoke College and Sixth Form College make a major contribution to the life of North Staffordshire. Facilities need to be modernised in a way which maximises the integrated development of the educational establishments and assist wider regeneration of neighbouring communities. The University Quarter is an integrated project that aims to generate a thriving knowledge economy that is globally connected, leading to sustainable prosperity and an ambitious and dynamic community. It will create an integrated learning experience, focused upon creativity, skills and employability, promoting participation and progression.
- 5.117 Proposals for the University Quarter (UQ) will incorporate a comprehensive regeneration of an extensive area of the City around the main railway station, College Road and Leek Road. The University Quarter development framework has the common theme of a high quality living environment for all and centre for employment and specifically includes the creation of new shared education floor space as part of the Knowledge Hub and Media Place development; complementary commercial floorspace and focus for new residential development.
- 5.118 The role of Fenton Manor is subject to ongoing investigation to determine the degree to which land or premises should remain in education use and the scope to extend the strategic sports and leisure focus of the area.
- 5.119 The connections between the City Centre and the University Quarter, Stoke railway station and Stoke town centre by means of the University Boulevard will be improved by creating new direct links and improving the existing highway.

## Stoke

- 5.120 Stoke provides an opportunity to significantly enhance the Town Centre, giving the centre a distinctive identity which does not compete with the City Centre. The focus will be on employment and services led regeneration with housing providing a supporting role. However the opportunity does exist to create a high quality mixed use including a commercial residential boulevard linking a regenerated town centre to the surrounding areas. Access improvements will be required and the relationship to adjoining areas will need to be considered as part of the access studies to be completed.
- 5.121 The prospects of Stoke-upon-Trent, the centre of civic administration, have been considerably enhanced following completion of the A500 trunk road scheme. Stoke-upon-Trent is a small town centre, principally serving local convenience shopping needs in a subordinate role to the larger neighbouring strategic centres. It has developed as a centre for administration over the last few years. In order to reflect the opportunity to improve retail provision within Stoke town centre and to improve the character, appearance and attractiveness of the centre provision for at least 4,000 square metres net retail floorspace should be brought forward. Stoke town centre will be subject to traffic improvements including delivery of the Stoke Inner Relief Road.

- 5.122 This strategy is in general conformity with emerging Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS). It links to strategic aims SA1 6 inclusive, 8, 10 and 12 -18 inclusive and takes forward the adopted Community Strategy and the NSRP Business Plan.
- 5.123 Comprehensive and sustained regeneration of the Inner Urban Core is wholly consistent with adopted Regional Spatial Strategy and the approved housing market renewal and regeneration zone strategy and programme. Maximising the contribution of the Inner Urban Core as the focus for housing development will go a long way towards stabilising the local housing market. If the Inner Urban Core continues to fail then this will drag down the rest of the major urban area. The prospect of additional public regeneration funding coming forward outside of these designated areas is remote.
- 5.124 This strategy provides the focus for the integration of investment programmes to breathe new life into our education; health care; community, sports, leisure, greenspace and transportation systems and improve healthy urban living. The aim is to maximise sustainable residential development within the Inner Urban Core without undermining its continued economic function. The Strategy supports initiatives to help reduce health inequalities and promote higher educational attainment.

#### **Implementation**

- 5.125 An Area Action Plan is being prepared to cover the Inner Urban Core which will provide a co-ordinated and more detailed delivery framework to:
  - Support planning applications which bring about positive and high quality development to support delivery of the strategy;
  - Assemble land by voluntary agreement or failing that compulsion in justified circumstances;
  - Secure community benefits through section 106 agreements;
  - Integrate with transport investment programmes;
  - Manage in a positive and innovative fashion public sector land assets to facilitate development which supports the strategy;
  - Work in partnership with the private sector and the North Staffordshire Regeneration Partnership to develop and deliver a better future.
- 5.126 The NSRP Business Plan co-ordinates the sustained regeneration of the area. The sustainable communities' strategy is underpinned by the Housing Market Renewal Programme which is regularly reviewed and rolled forward by Government. This is complemented by the City Council and Health Authorities schools and health facilities programmes. Working in partnership with the development industry is central to the development of viable proposals. For example control of Etruria Valley is held by Stoke-on-Trent Regeneration Company a partnership venture between the City Council and lead developers, St Modwens. Development partnerships have also been established for each of the housing intervention areas identified in the Housing Market Renewal Programme.
- 5.127 A specific partnership arrangement and steering group was formed to guide the development of the vision for the University Quarter and its eventual implementation. The partners involved include Staffordshire University,

Stoke-on-Trent College of Further Education, City of Stoke-on-Trent 6th Form College, Advantage West Midlands and North Staffordshire Learning and Skills Council. An agreed detailed investment programme is being developed to translate partners' aspirations into reality. The Core Spatial Strategy will provide the statutory planning framework to support the agreed investment strategy in schools and healthcare.

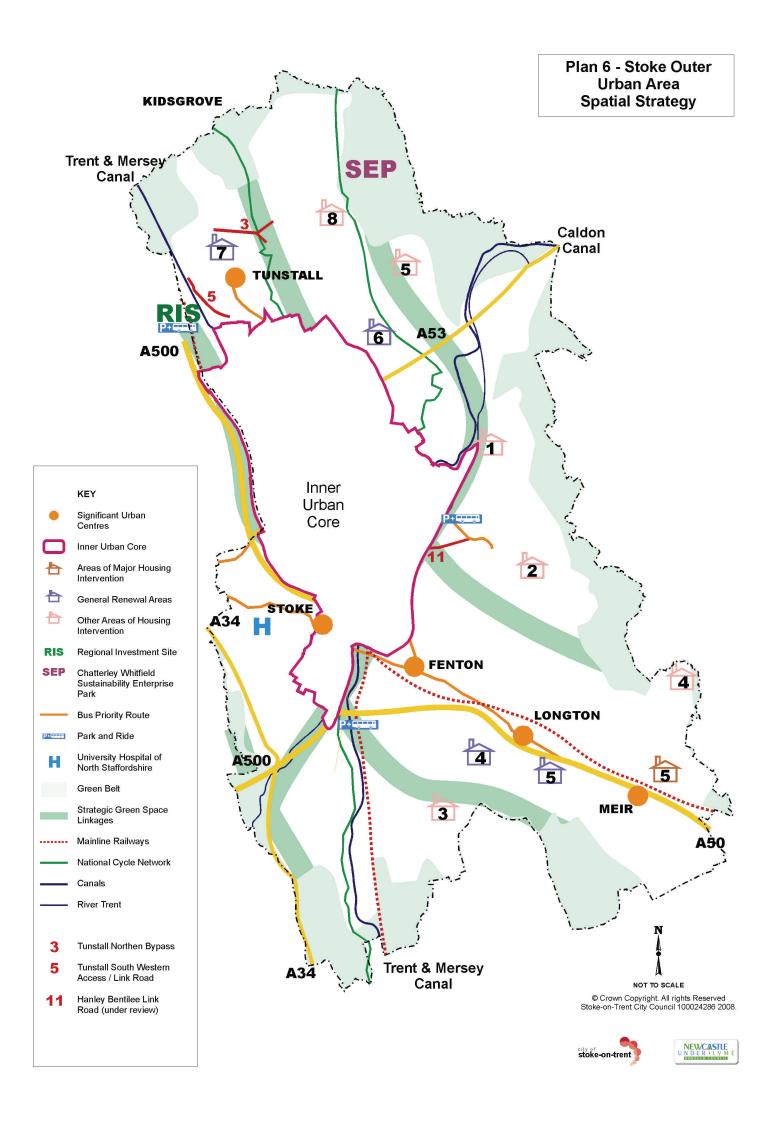
- 5.128 It is recognised that each of the towns in North Staffordshire has a distinction of function and place which can add more to the economic up-lift of the economy. To achieve this, a regeneration company has already been established for Burslem. Consideration is being given to setting similar arrangements in place for Stoke-upon-Trent. This will focus on prioritising the nature and scale of investment that will be required.
- 5.129 There are no known insurmountable infrastructural limitations to delivery of the aspirations set out in this strategy as set out within the Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base. The City Council, as both highway and planning authority will carry out detailed transport modelling to ensure maximisation of the contribution of the green travel agenda and fair apportionment of public and private investment in transport infrastructure.
- 5.130 The detailed planning of the area will benefit from the detailed design guidance being jointly prepared by the City and Borough Council for the whole of the plan area.

## **Stoke Outer Urban Area Spatial Strategy**

5.131 The Stoke Outer Urban Area comprises the rest of the City beyond the Inner Urban Core boundary. The Outer Urban Area includes the historic townships of Tunstall, Fenton and Longton and suburban Stoke-on-Trent including large social housing estates built after the Second World War and the pocket of rural green belt.

#### Vision

- 5.132 "The Strategy will provide for increased vitality and vibrancy of Longton, Tunstall, Fenton town and Meir centres and improve accessibility and availability of modern local facilities. Housing growth will be focused to address specific regeneration priorities at general densities of 50 dwellings per hectare, and the creation of new employment opportunities through major new development will maximise economic potential. Regeneration of the Outer Urban Areas will create sustainable communities, which complements the major growth planned for the City Centre and Inner Urban Core. Tunstall and Longton will continue to provide important district centre facilities serving the north and south of the City. Fenton and Meir remain as important centres in their own right. The character form and function of older residential areas will be improved and steps taken to improve and diversify the tenure of many social housing estates built in the suburbs of the City."
- 5.133 This vision for the future of the Outer Urban Area will be achieved through the strategy outlined below, illustrated on Plan 6 and amplified through the Development Portfolio Development Plan Document and the Meir Area Action Plan.



# ASP3 – Stoke-on-Trent Outer Urban Area Spatial Policy

- 1. For the period 2006-2026, a minimum of 5,100 dwellings (net) will be built in the Outer Urban Area subject to the outcome of the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) Revision as referred to in paragraph 2.11. Such development will be located where this best supports the renewal of the local housing market, communities and town centres, and will seek to address the imbalances caused by a predominance of social housing, and generally improve the quality of the housing stock.
- 2. The Outer Urban Area must be allowed to grow in a manner which meets local needs but which does not prejudice the sustainable regeneration of the Inner Urban Core. During the plan period, development within the Outer Urban Area should complement the growth planned for the Inner Urban Core. This will be achieved as follows.
- <u>Longton</u> is the third largest retail centre in North Staffordshire and principally serves the southern part of the City. There is scope for additional retail development in the region of 11,000m<sup>2</sup> within the existing town centre to 2021.
- <u>Tunstall</u> serves a local catchment in the northern part of the City and has the potential to accommodate a further 8000m² of retail floorspace within the town centre by 2021 in a manner which can support the core of the centre. Work is progressing to complete the Tunstall Northern Bypass and provision is made for the south western access road to release substantial areas of development land to the south west of the centre.
- <u>Fenton</u> has limited existing retail provision and has scope for an additional 500m² of retail development, to serve a local catchment only. Fenton also serves as a sport and leisure focus for the City.
- Meir provides the eastern gateway to the City and serves a localised catchment. There is potential to accommodate a modest additional 500m2 of retail floorspace.
- 3. Housing development in the outer parts of the City will play a part in meeting local needs and delivering the national housing growth agenda having regard to local circumstances. Specific housing development will be focused in the following regeneration priority areas:

## Continued:

#### **ASP3 Continued:**

- the Meir 'Area of Major Intervention' (AMI) The overarching objective for Meir is to establish the area as a strong sustainable neighbourhood that retains the existing community and attracts new residents to help establish a critical mass of population that can help to support the regeneration of the housing stock and sustain an improved range of local shops and services.
- 'General Renewal Areas' (GRA's) at: Birches Head, Dresden, Normacot, Smallthorne and Tunstall; There is no identified need for large scale redevelopment in Birches Head. It is intended the focus should be on strengthening routes, creating gateways: enhancing key routes through the neighbourhood, and improving the quality of key gateway locations. The future investment in other GRAs is under review.
- 'Suburban Estates' at: Abbey Hulton, Bentilee, Blurton, Coalville, Fegg Hayes and Norton. The aspiration for the suburban estates is to provide high quality affordable family housing that should not compete with the Inner Urban Core.
- 4. Of the total allocation for the sub area about 300 dwellings and 900 dwellings respectively are reserved for the transformation of the Meir Area of Major Intervention and other areas of housing intervention including general renewal areas and suburban estates.
- 5. Diversification of the economy will be achieved through focused major employment development, including Chatterley Whitfield Sustainable Enterprise Park and the Chatterley Valley Regional Investment Site.
- 6. The ongoing redevelopment and expansion of the University Hospital of North Staffordshire will be supported, for both health and education purposes including better public transport connections to Newcastle and the town centres of Stoke-on-Trent.
- 7. Improved connectivity between the various communities and the wider plan area will be achieved by introduction of further bus priority measures including the following routes:
- Longton Fenton City Centre;
- Fenton Stoke Newcastle Keele;
- City Centre Bucknall Bentilee;
- City Centre Burslem Tunstall;
- City Centre Smallthorne Sneyd Green.

### **Continued:**

#### **ASP3 Continued:**

The following transport infrastructure proposals will be promoted:

- Sideway Park and Ride Area of Search
- Bucknall Park and Ride Area of Search
- Chatterley Valley Park and Ride Area of Search
- Cycleway improvements
- Canal enhancements
- 8. The detailed investigation of park and ride provision is a key component of changing travel behaviour to complement development of alternative sustainable solutions to avoid reliance on the use of the private car. This first generation will be supplemented by additional provision dependent on progress.
- 9. The availability of, and access to modernised local facilities e.g. health facilities, shopping, education, sport and recreation, leisure, transport and employment will be improved.
- 10. The enhancement of the built and natural environment, together with increased access to greenspace and watercourses will be supported and guidance produced to improve design and address issues such as crime and the fear of crime.
- 11. The realisation of brownfield development opportunities alongside strategic transport corridors should be supported, where this does not prejudice the sustained regeneration of the Inner Urban Core and City Centre.

### **Reasoned Justification**

- 5.134 The above Strategy is in general conformity with the emerging Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) and the adopted Community Strategy. It links to Strategic Aims SA1 6 inclusive and 8 18 inclusive and takes forward the adopted Community Strategy and the NSRP Business Plan.
- 5.135 The Strategy is supportive of Housing Market Renewal objectives in terms of taking a targeted approach to new housing development in priority regeneration areas (AMI's, GRA's and Suburban Estates), in order to address problems of a low demand housing market and widen the range of available accommodation. In the event that strategic housing development targets are raised during the process of RSS Phase 2 Revision then additional capacity can be released in this sub area during the latter half of the plan period to ensure that such development does not prejudice regeneration of the Inner Urban Core.
- 5.136 This strategy provides the focus for the integration of investment programmes to breathe new life into our education; health care; community, sports, leisure, greenspace and transportation systems and improve healthy urban living. The Strategy supports initiatives to help reduce health inequalities and promote higher educational attainment.

- 5.137 The promotion of major employment developments at Chatterley Valley accords with proposals set out in the Regional Economic Strategy (RES).
- 5.138 The strategy supports the sustained regeneration of the complex of listed buildings and scheduled ancient monument at Chatterley Whitfield.
- 5.139 The Strategy aims to comply with general sustainability objectives as set out in planning policy at all levels. For example, the focusing of new development in sustainable locations including existing centres, improving accessibility to local facilities/services to reduce the need to travel, prioritisation of brownfield land and protection of natural assets.

## Implementation

- 5.140 At present the development of detailed planning policy for the Outer Urban Area is being progressed through the preparation of an Area Action Plan for the delivery of the Meir Area of Major Intervention (AMI) and a Development Portfolio Development Plan Document for the remainder of the sub-area. These will provide the planning framework for the delivery of the detailed regeneration programmes as set out above. Any development within the North Staffordshire Green Belt will be in accordance with policies set out in national planning policy PPG2 and local development plan policy.
- 5.141 Within the Outer Urban Area, development will be primarily private-sector led, with the exception of public sector intervention in the Housing Market Renewal priority regeneration areas.
- 5.142 Development of the Chatterley Valley Regional Investment Site is led by Advantage West Midlands and is high in the NSRP Business Plan priorities.
- 5.143 Practical and financial support for the Chatterley Whitfield Sustainable Enterprise Project is provided by English Heritage.
- 5.144 It is recognised that each of the towns in North Staffordshire has a distinction of function and place which can add more to the up-lift of the economy and takes account of existing planning permissions. To achieve this consideration is being given to establishing a regeneration focus for Longton and Tunstall to help focus on prioritising the nature and scale of investment that will be required.
- 5.145 There are no known insurmountable infrastructural limitations to delivery of the aspirations set out in this strategy, as set out within the Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document, which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base (see Appendix 2). The City Council, as both highway and planning authority will carry out detailed transport modelling to ensure maximisation of the contribution of the green travel agenda and fair apportionment of public and private investment in transport infrastructure.
- 5.146 The detailed planning of the area will benefit from the detailed design guidance being jointly prepared by the City and Borough Council for the whole of the plan area.

## **Newcastle Town Centre Area Spatial Strategy**

5.147 This area includes the Primary Shopping Area, bounded by the inner ring road, and the complementary areas adjoining it.

#### Vision

5.148 "Newcastle-under-Lyme is a University town and its Town Centre will be a place recognised not only for this, but in its own right for its attractive heritage townscape, its high quality new developments, its vibrant public realm, its public open air market and its high quality shops, services and businesses. It will be a focal point for the economy of the Borough, and a place where people want to spend their time and money. Employment opportunities will be sustained and improved and the emerging residential market will be strengthened. The environment will be pedestrian-friendly and welcoming for all those who live, work and visit the Town Centre. Action will have been taken to address any damage done to the town's historic character in the twentieth century, to create a more appealing historic Town Centre where the quality of the environment and its heritage is a key selling point. New development in particular, will be well managed and sensitive to the best traditions of historic development in the town. New opportunities will have been grasped to enhance the historic heart of the town and to regenerate areas where sites and land are underused or otherwise detract from the image and identity of the town. Major gateways and the town's public face will be improved, with environmental assets such as the Lyme Brook adding to local distinctiveness."

**Area Spatial Policies** 

## **ASP4 – Newcastle Town Centre Area Spatial Policy**

- 1. Over the plan period (2006-2026) proposals will provide for -
  - 25,000m² of additional gross comparison retail floorspace to 2021 and a further 10,000m² to 2026; this will be appropriate in terms of the role of the Town Centre and capable of meeting the needs of Town Centre users.
  - 60,000m² of additional gross office floorspace within, or on the edge of the town centre, to accommodate new employment of a type in keeping with the role of the Town Centre.
- 2. Opportunities will be taken to maximise the potential for Town Centre living. This will be achieved primarily as part of high density, mixed use schemes designed to contribute positively to the character, vibrancy and sustainability of the Town Centre.
- 3. As one of the two strategic centres in the conurbation, the Town Centre will continue to develop in a balanced way as a complementary service centre to the City Centre with a strong retail offer, a strengthened financial and professional sector, and as a focus for new leisure and residential opportunities, all accommodated within mixed development wherever practicable.
- 4. The Town Centre's unique market town character and ambience will be enhanced through directing public investment and developer contributions towards enhancing the attractiveness and viability of the Open Market and the Town Centre's award winning public realm and open spaces. A greater mix and intensity of Town Centre uses will be encouraged to create a stronger gateway to the Town Centre from the north and north west and to capitalise on natural features such as the Lyme Brook, so long as the main function of the primary shopping area is maintained and enhanced.
- 5. A spatial framework will be formulated, identifying distinct zones both within the primary shopping area and beyond, aimed at maintaining their distinctive characters and helping to break through the perceived barrier of the inner ring road.

| _ |   |   | 4 . |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|
| C | റ | n | ш   | n | п | Δ | М | P |
|   |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |

#### **ASP4 Continued**

- 6. All development within the Town Centre will work with the topography and be required to meet the high quality design standards set out in supplementary planning documents and in keeping with the Town Centre's distinctive market town character, and will enhance the vitality and viability of the Town Centre by contributing towards the existing vibrant mix of retail, nightlife, leisure, employment and residential uses. New development will recognise the importance of landmark sites and work to improve connections to and within the Town Centre and particularly the need to overcome the severance created by the inner ring road.
- 7. The Borough Council will work with partners to help to secure a new leisure complex on land within or adjacent to the Town Centre.
- 8. Links with Keele University and Science Park, the University Hospital of North Staffordshire and Newcastle College of Further Education will play a key role in marketing the town as a university town and place for research and learning.

### **Reasoned Justification**

- 5.149 Newcastle Town Centre is the borough's largest employment area, with excellent connections to Keele University and the University Hospital of North Staffordshire. This cluster of prestigious, high value medical technologies and research industries makes a major contribution to the social and economic character of the town. Its role and status is further enhanced by it being the base for local government in the Borough, the location for the district's cinemas and for the Borough's main college of further education affording quick links between shopping, business, cultural and leisure facilities. The daily historic market and the parks and open spaces in and around the Town Centre are also an essential part of its life and character. It is essential to capitalise on these assets to realise the full social and economic potential of the plan area.
- 5.150 This strategy will ensure locally expressed needs as defined within the Sustainable Community Strategy for Newcastle-under-Lyme 2008 to 2020 are met. The need to create stronger neighbourhoods with a greater sense of community pride is a clear priority together with the need to address anti social behaviour; improving the quality of the borough's public open spaces; and improving access to education and training.
- 5.151 This approach is in line with the Sustainability Appraisal which indicates that focusing development in identified priority areas is by far the most effective strategic option for achieving sustainability objectives such as meeting housing needs, enhancing the vitality and viability of town centres, reducing the need to travel and conserving natural resources.
- 5.152 The North Staffordshire Retail and Leisure Study 2005-21 identifies the potential, and the need, for future growth to consolidate the town centre's position within the local hierarchy of centres and its ability to provide a complementary and supporting role to the City Centre. The Study identifies a capacity for approximately 16,000 19,000m² of additional net, non retail floor space to 2021 within the Town centre.
- 5.153 The scale of retail development targets in this strategy reflects guidance in the West Midlands RSS Phase Two Revision which establishes the amount of retail and employment space for which provision should be made within the Town Centre. The RSS Phase Two Revision states that additional gross comparison retail floor space should be phased as follows: 25,000m² to 2021 and a further 10,000m² to 2026. The scale proposed seeks to maintain, at the very least, the Town Centre's existing retail offer, whilst at the same time provide a climate for new retail opportunities to come forward to support Newcastle's continued role as a market and university town and as the borough's largest employment area (approximately 8,500 jobs).
- 5.154 Within the Town Centre there is a distinct and successful geographical concentration of financial and professional services. A significant proportion of these businesses are located within, or close to the town centre, particularly in areas such as the Brampton, Queen St, King St, and Marsh Parade. The North Staffordshire Integrated Economic Development Strategy 2005 identifies Newcastle's Professional and Financial Services sector as a locally and sub regionally important cluster and a key driver for the future economic growth and prosperity of the borough.
- 5.155 The importance of the office sector and the attractiveness of the Town Centre for this industry sector are reflected in the ambitious targets for additional office floor space set in the RSS Phase Two Revision.
- 5.156 One of the main objectives of the Core Spatial Strategy is to secure a vibrant housing market catering for a mixed income community with diverse needs. Much of the Town Centre is located within what RENEW North Staffordshire has identified as the 'Area of Intervention'. RENEW has identified the Town Centre as having the potential to

'accommodate a vibrant housing market which caters for a mixed income community'. The notion of high quality Town Centre living is recognised as being an important component of a vibrant, sustainable urban environment.

- 5.157 Current information from the SHLAA indicates a capacity for over 700 new dwelling units in the Town Centre, but this could easily be exceeded if the housing market returns to the level at the beginning of the century. The affordable housing requirement of 25% (see Policy CSP6 Affordable Housing), will be applied as in other parts of the plan area. The North Housing Market Area Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2007 will form the basis of key evidence to identify the appropriate mix of housing types, sizes and tenures.
- 5.158 Protecting the heritage assets and promoting high quality design to create distinctive places is a major objective of the Core Strategy. In accordance with Policies CSP1 Design Quality and CSP2 Historic Environment, the design of all development will be a significant concern in all proposals. The market town character and visual quality of Newcastle Town Centre is central to its vitality and viability and efforts need to be made to ensure it does not lose its character. This is consistent with community views that have been expressed.
- 5.159 The Newcastle Town Centre Public Realm Strategy 2004 provides a highly detailed analysis of the potential for significant improvements to the public realm. Public funding and developer contributions is being directed towards a number of the strategy's recommendations, in particular the upgrading and enhancement of the subways that provide essential pedestrian routes across the ring road, the upgrading of the Midway car park, and the planned refurbishment of the Open Market.
- 5.160 These physical improvements, combined with the plan to provide a new sporting and leisure complex in close proximity to the town centre, a vibrant retail core and strong evening economy, will make a major contribution to providing a modern environment which will work to retain young people, employees and graduates, encourage the growth of high value business clusters and professional services, and attract people to chose the town centre as a place for living. The sports village will also assist the wider regeneration of neighbouring communities.
- 5.161 The strategy outlined above conforms to the broad objectives of the Local Transport Plan by concentrating development in the most accessible locations, encouraging the production of travel plans and by seeking developer contributions towards the delivery of the key objectives of the LTP.

### Implementation

- 5.162 The strategy requires mixed use development throughout the Town Centre, and this should be instrumental in increasing the amount of new office development. It is intended that office development will be achieved through a combination of planning policy, direct provision and joint venture agreements with the private sector as well as marketing and public realm enhancement aimed at raising the profile of the Town Centre and its attractiveness.
- 5.163 The adopted Borough Council Developer Contributions SPD sets out the guidelines for the circumstances in which Section 106 contributions will be sought for the provision of affordable housing, transport infrastructure, open space, education, and public safety measures. Public investment and developer contributions in the Town Centre will be directed towards: addressing congestion; enhancing access to public transport and opportunities for walking and cycling; and ensuring the public safety of the Town

Centre's residents and visitors. As part of the evidence base for the preparation of the Core Spatial Strategy the Councils have prepared a comprehensive Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base (see Appendix 2).

- 5.164 The Borough Council has prepared a Supplementary Planning Document for Newcastle Town Centre. This document sets out details of the spatial framework with design guidance specific to the Town Centre. Further detailed guidance will be included in the North Staffordshire Design Guidance SPD and the relevant Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans. The SPD will also provide guidance for private investment and for public investment in the Town Centre's public realm. The document will be an invaluable tool for the Council to achieve its vision for the future of the Town Centre and will set the high standards of development which will be required.
- 5.165 Together with any appropriate identification of specific sites in a Sites Allocations and Policies Development Plan Document, the SPD will help to encourage appropriate development in accordance with the strategy set out above.
- 5.166 The Newcastle Urban Transport and Development Strategy 2008/09 2012/13 produced by Staffordshire County Council will balance the aims of the North Staffordshire Local Transport Plan 2006 -2011 with the transport infrastructure requirements of future development in the borough. Initiatives and actions arising from this strategy are likely to include measures to deliver a parking strategy for the town centre; improvements to passenger facilities; bus priority and traffic management measures to improve pedestrian safety; addressing the severance for pedestrians and cyclists from the primary shopping area by the ring road. Developer contributions will play a significant role in funding the various actions and initiatives of this Transport Strategy.
- 5.167 The development of high tech sectors and research facilities at Keele combined with a highly performing higher and further education sector can encourage the provision of high quality housing and facilitate the image of the Town Centre as a dynamic university and market town. The North Staffordshire Integrated Economic Development Strategy provides a specific and robust approach to planning for employment growth and together with the North Staffordshire Regeneration Partnership will work to attract strategic funding to help realise the full potential and spread the benefits of these internationally and sub regionally significant institutions. This will include targeting investment to improving the quality of the Town Centre to provide an environment commensurate with its status as a university town. The Borough Council will continue to work in association with InStaffs (UK) Limited, the inward investment agency for Stoke-on-Trent and North Staffordshire to market Newcastle Town Centre to new investors and facilitate links between education and business.
- 5.168 The provision of a sport village complex as part of the planned move of Newcastle College to a brand new campus has been the subject of discussions between Newcastle-under-Lyme Borough Council, and the College. Should the development of a sports village on the college campus ultimately prove not to be feasible, the Borough Council will look at alternative means of provision. Newcastle College has already obtained planning permission to build its own sports facilities as part of its 52 million pound campus redevelopment, to be opened in 2010.
- 5.169 The North Staffordshire Green Space Strategy 2007 will set out the strategic framework for improving the quality of greenspace resources.

# Newcastle and Kidsgrove Urban Neighbourhoods Area Spatial Strategy

5.170 This part of the urban area of Newcastle, consists of the former coalfield and brick manufacturing communities of Silverdale, Chesterton, Knutton and Cross Heath and widespread suburban areas, some of which grew extensively in the 70's and 90's. The town of Kidsgrove is located to the north, which, although physically part of the conurbation, linked via the canals and the A50 to the northern towns of Stoke-on-Trent, is geographically separate from Newcastle town. The area spatial strategy is illustrated on Plan 7.

#### **Vision**

5.171 "By 2026 the prosperity of the Urban Neighbourhoods of Newcastle and Kidsgrove will be significantly enhanced through sustained investment to create a strong and stable local economy which will provide access to a wide range of high value jobs. This will be sustained by; a high achieving education sector; increased opportunities for life long learning; a broad skills base and an attractive portfolio of readily available employment land.

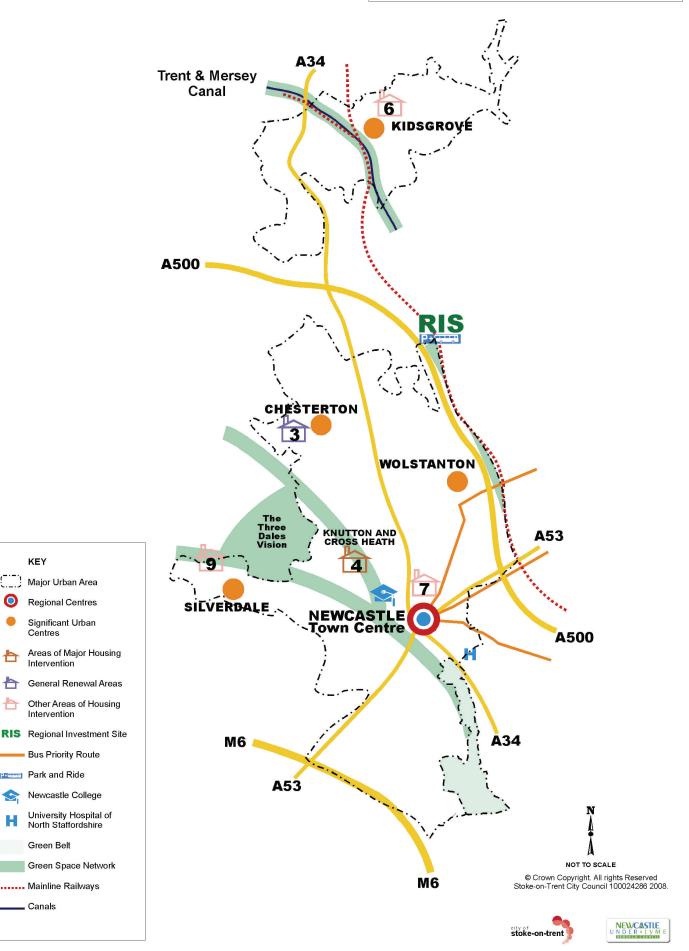
There will be a balanced housing market catering for a mixed income community with diverse needs, within a sustainable environment where people are easily able to access countryside amenities, and an attractive network of parks and open spaces. Together these will work to support thriving, safe and well connected neighbourhoods. Knutton, Cross Heath, Silverdale, Chesterton, and poor quality areas in Kidsgrove, will be transformed into confident communities where the local needs and aspirations of all residents are fulfilled regardless of background, income or age. In Kidsgrove this will play a key role in strengthening its vitality as a district centre serving the north part of the conurbation.

The environment will be well maintained and characterised by high quality, environmentally sensitive buildings, which have a positive impact on streets and public spaces and which are themselves inspiring and contribute to a strong sense of well being.

Residents will have greater access to high performing local services including access to excellent modern sporting and leisure facilities enabling them to enjoy higher levels of physical activity and live independent healthy lives. Journeys to these services and other destinations will be safer, less congested and will increasingly be made by public transport, walking and cycling.

The quality of life will be significantly enhanced by vibrant local centres and the close proximity to: - a thriving Market Town Centre providing a key focal point for civic, cultural, leisure and retail activities; employment; and a revitalised City Centre."

Plan 7 - Newcastle and Kidsgrove Urban Neighbourhoods Areas Spatial Stategy



KEY

Major Urban Area Regional Centres

Significant Urban

Intervention

Intervention

Park and Ride

Green Belt Green Space Network

..... Mainline Railways Canals

Bus Priority Route

Newcastle College University Hospital of North Staffordshire

## ASP5 – Newcastle and Kidsgrove Urban Neighbourhoods Area Spatial Policy

1. For the period 2006 – 2026, a minimum of 4,800 net additional dwellings will be provided within the urban area subject to the outcome of the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) Revision as referred to in paragraph 2.11, of which approximately 25% will be affordable. These figures are purely indicative and will be adjusted further through subsequent Development Plan Documents. The figure for 'Newcastle Urban Central' comprises the communities within the Renew Pathfinder boundary. As such it includes development in the Town Centre, which is addressed separately in the Newcastle Town Centre Area Spatial Strategy.

Kidsgrove - 600

Newcastle Urban Central (including Silverdale, Thistleberry, Knutton, Cross Heath, Chesterton and the Town Centre) – 3,200

Newcastle Urban South and East (including Clayton, Westlands, Seabridge, May Bank, Wolstanton, Porthill and Bradwell) – 1,000

- 2. Retail development outside of Newcastle Town Centre will be of a nature and scale appropriate to the role of each local centre and will primarily be to meet identified local requirements.
- 3. A minimum of 104ha of employment land will be brought forward over the plan period.
- 4. Close partnership working between the Council, RENEW North Staffordshire, Staffordshire County Council, local RSLs, and the private sector, will create an urban community that boasts a number of distinctive, attractive and vibrant residential neighbourhoods offering a greater choice of housing types, tenures and prices.
- 5. The density of new development will balance the need to make the most efficient use of land and the need to provide a wide range of housing types, tenures, sizes and prices. In some areas it may be appropriate to plan for lower densities where there is an identified need for higher value housing.

| _ |   |    |    |       |   |   |
|---|---|----|----|-------|---|---|
| C | _ | 74 | -  | <br>_ | ᆈ |   |
|   | n | ш  | 10 | <br>Δ | п | - |
|   |   |    |    |       |   |   |

#### **ASP5 Continued:**

- 6. The Chatterley Valley site currently being brought forward by Advantage West Midlands will provide a significant volume of high value added employment opportunities in accordance with its identified role as the plan area's Regional Investment Site.
- 7. Significant qualitative improvements will be made to the Borough's green spaces and sports facilities in accordance with the Urban North Staffordshire Green Space Strategy and the Newcastle-under-Lyme Leisure Needs Assessment and Playing Pitch Strategy.
- 8. The Council will work with partners, including the North Staffordshire Regeneration Zone, to link the most disadvantaged communities with new employment and learning, particularly in the further and higher education sectors, in order to promote social cohesion and create a modern labour market.
- 9. In accordance with the North Staffs Local Transport Plan actions will be taken to improve accessibility, road safety, and to promote sustainable modes of travel.

#### Reasoned Justification

- 5.172 The structural transformation of the borough's economic base in the latter part of the 20<sup>th</sup> century has had, in common with the City, a significant impact upon social and environmental conditions within the borough's urban areas, with some communities suffering from significant socio-economic deprivation, poor health, limited access to employment opportunities, and weak housing markets.
- 5.173 In accordance with the WMRSS Phase Two Revision this spatial strategy aims to concentrate new housing development primarily within those areas identified as priorities for intervention through the Housing Market Renewal programme. The Sustainability Appraisal of the Core Strategy Revised Preferred Option Report indicated that focusing development in these identified priority areas is by far the most effective strategic option for achieving sustainability objectives such as meeting local housing needs, enhancing the vitality and viability of the key centres, reducing the need to travel, improving access to employment and educational opportunities, improving health and conserving natural resources.
- 5.174 The communities of Knutton and Cross Heath, where housing market failure is particularly severe, have been designated as an 'Area of Major Intervention' (AMI) by RENEW North Staffordshire. The first phase of this intervention will involve the development of new high quality housing (including a significant proportion of affordable housing) on former industrial land; the clearance and high quality re-development of part of the Lower Milehouse Estate; qualitative improvements to the neighbourhood's green spaces and play areas; and improvements to the transport network to create greater connectivity to the rest of the conurbation. In addition planning permission has been granted for an 'extra care' retirement village on a site adjacent to Lower Milehouse Lane comprising a state-of-the-art health centre and 60 one and two bedroom apartments for

\_

- rent or part ownership. The design, layout, access and densities of all new development within the AMI will be guided by the Knutton and Cross Heath Development Sites Supplementary Planning Document.
- 5.175 As part of the Renew programme Chesterton has been identified as a 'General Renewal Area', with intervention limited to environmental improvements to raise the appearance and perceptions of the area. Similar interventions are also taking place within the AMI in Knutton and Cross Heath.
- 5.176 Silverdale, although within the Renew HMR Pathfinder area, is not a current focus for intervention by Renew. However, the English Partnerships led redevelopment of the former Silverdale Colliery will be instrumental in transforming the area. This development will comprise approximately 300 high quality dwellings, community facilities and new public green space on a 100ha brownfield site and is anticipated to act as a catalyst for increased investor confidence in the area.
- 5.177 The Council is continuing to work closely with Renew, a preferred developer, and local RSLs to identify an appropriate approach towards achieving genuinely transformational change in the Galleys Bank area of Kidsgrove. A significant proportion of the housing in this area has been classified as defective, and the difficulties in obtaining mortgage finance on these properties has led to:- an over representation of private rented accommodation, a decline in the condition of many properties, depressed property values, and a relatively high proportion of transient residents. It is anticipated that the strategic approach taken will also involve significant improvements to Kidsgrove Town Centre, the public realm and the local transport network.
- 5.178 This strategy clearly aims to concentrate residential development within specific priority areas. However it must be recognised that the neighbourhoods outside of these priority areas such as May Bank, Wolstanton, Porthill and Bradwell to the north of the town centre; and Clayton and the Westlands to the south, provide highly sustainable locations for additional residential development. These neighbourhoods do not require the level of direct intervention needed elsewhere in the conurbation, as they provide excellent access to essential services, the Town and City Centres, major employment areas and support diverse and vibrant local service centres. As such, a degree of managed growth within these neighbourhoods must be accommodated to support their continued vitality and sustainability. Not to allow these neighbourhoods to continue to grow and prosper could place them at risk of suffering from an ageing population, a decline in the vitality and viability of local shopping facilities and key services and would fail to make optimum use of the borough's brownfield assets. The targets for housing in these neighbourhoods reflect both this need and the need to complement and support the revitalization of the housing markets within the priority areas.
- 5.179 The Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2007, along with the Development Viability Impacts of Affordable Housing Policy Proposals 2008 study, provides the evidence base for determining local affordable housing requirements and for identifying the appropriate mix of housing types, sizes and tenures to be delivered.
- 5.180 In accordance with national and emerging regional planning policy the density of new residential development will ensure the efficient use of available brownfield land. The appropriate density for residential development will be determined on a site by site basis, taking account of the existing built form, the nature of the development to be provided and the need to provide a wide range of housing types, tenures, sizes and prices. Therefore it may be appropriate in certain circumstances to plan for development at lower densities where there is an identified need for a higher value housing offer.
- 5.181 The RSS Phase Two Revision sets a target for the provision of 112ha of additional employment land within the Borough for the period 2006 2026. Current commitments

- and permissions within the urban area accounts for approximately 80ha (a further 8/9ha will be brought forward at Keele University and Science Park which, although closely linked to the conurbation, is geographically part of the rural area).
- 5.182 Additional sites will need to be identified and brought forward towards the end of the plan period to ensure a continual reservoir of deliverable employment sites. Whilst priority will be given to brownfield land, it is recognised that with the immediate priority of making the optimum use of our finite supply of brownfield sites for housing, greenfield sites in sustainable locations may need to be identified and allocated for employment uses.
- 5.183 The Borough Council is working closely with Staffordshire County Council to ensure that this strategy and the North Staffordshire Local Transport Plan conform to, and complement each other. The LTP provides a detailed evidence base regarding transport problems and opportunities which is informing the LDF process, for example, detailed congestion analysis, accessibility planning and road casualty analysis. The North Staffs LTP pays particular attention to identifying schemes that both support regeneration and are informed by this evidence base.
- 5.184 In accordance with the North Staffs LTP actions to improve accessibility road safety and promote sustainable modes of travel will include
  - traffic management measures in strategic/local centres
  - · pedestrian accessibility to local facilities
  - cycle routes between regeneration areas and Newcastle town centre
  - safer routes to school schemes
  - local safety schemes
  - bus stop and bus information improvements
- 5.185 The Strategy supports initiatives to help reduce health inequalities and promote higher educational attainment.

## **Implementation**

- 5.186 Within the urban neighbourhoods of Newcastle and Kidsgrove, development will be primarily private-sector led, with the exception of public sector intervention in the Housing Market Renewal priority regeneration areas.
- 5.187 Development of the Chatterley Valley Regional Investment Site is led by Advantage West Midlands and is high in the NSRP Business Plan priorities.
- 5.188 There are no known insurmountable infrastructural limitations to delivery of the aspirations set out in this strategy, as set out within the Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base (see Appendix 2). The County Council, as the highway authority in partnership with the Borough Council will carry out detailed transport modelling to ensure maximisation of the contribution of the green travel agenda and fair apportionment of public and private investment in transport infrastructure. The framework for matching developer contributions to the capital programme for the delivery of the North Staffs LTP will be set out in the Newcastle Urban Transport and Development Strategy 2008.
- 5.189 The provision of high quality parks, green spaces and recreational facilities is central to the creation of genuinely sustainable urban neighbourhoods. The Urban North Staffordshire Green Space Strategy 2007 (and the associated action plans) and the Newcastle-under-Lyme Leisure Needs Assessment and Playing Pitch Strategy provide the key evidence base and the strategic framework for the provision of additional

greenspace and leisure facilities as well as improvements to existing resources. Public investment and developer contributions will be directed towards - ensuring the public safety of the borough's residents; qualitative and quantitative improvements to the quality of the area's green space assets; and the provision of essential community facilities.

- 5.190 The Newcastle Local Strategic Partnership will continue to work with the Staffordshire Strategic Partnership (SSP) in order to collectively deliver the Sustainable Communities Action Plan and Local Area Agreements as part of the promotion of the economic, social and environmental well being of the Borough. The Sustainable Communities' Strategy is underpinned by the Housing Market Renewal Programme which is regularly reviewed and rolled forward by Government. This is complemented by the County Council and Health Authorities schools and health facilities programmes.
- 5.191 The North Staffordshire Regeneration Partnership including RENEW North Staffordshire will work to ensure finite funding resources are used effectively to deliver this strategy and that the agreed targets and outcomes are achieved. Renew has advanced Area Regeneration Frameworks which have been the subject of stakeholder consultation and are helping to determine investment streams.
- 5.192 The Site Allocations and Policies Development Plan Document will identify and allocate suitable sites for additional housing and employment development to meet the projected plan period targets.
- 5.193 The design of all development will be in accordance with guidelines set out in the North Staffordshire Generic Design Guidance SPD and, where appropriate, the Conservation and Heritage Guidance SPD and the relevant Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans.

## **Rural Area Spatial Strategy**

- 5.194 The Rural Areas Spatial Strategy applies to the rural area of Newcastle Borough. The Newcastle-under-Lyme rural area consists of:-
  - Areas covered by the Green Belt.
  - Villages surrounded by, though excluded from, the Green Belt: Madeley Heath, Audley, Bignall End, Wood Lane, Miles Green, Alsagers Bank, Halmerend, Betley and Mow Cop, but not the large area excluded from the Green Belt containing Talke, Butt Lane, Kidsgrove and Newchapel.
  - Areas beyond the Green Belt i.e. west of the Crewe-London railway line but including Baldwins Gate and Madeley.'

#### Vision

5. 195 "The rural quality of life will be characterised by the attractiveness, diversity, vitality and sustainability of its landscapes and communities. Focused growth, combined with investment in a safe and more sustainable transport network, will support the provision of and access to essential local services and help to ensure a diverse range of local housing needs and employment opportunities are catered for.

The rich built heritage will be further protected and enhanced by sensitive new developments, which make efficient use of resources and respect existing settlement patterns. Where appropriate, innovative buildings will be part of the distinctive landscape. The special quality of the countryside, its canals, network of rights of way and bridleways, its built heritage and historic environment, will sustain an attractive setting for village life and work to maintain a high quality, well resourced, and attractive tourist and leisure destination, which not only raises the image of the conurbation, but also promotes the vitality of rural businesses and enterprise."

# **Area Spatial Policies**

# **ASP6 – Rural Area Spatial Policy**

- 1. There will be a maximum of 900 net additional dwellings of high design quality primarily located on sustainable brownfield land within the village envelopes of the key rural service centres (see Key Diagram), namely Loggerheads, Madeley and the villages of Audley Parish, to meet identified local requirements in particular, the need for affordable housing.
- 2. The Council will take a positive approach towards rural enterprise relating to the availability of the local workforce. In particular opportunities will be sought to encourage:
  - The sensitive and sustainable diversification of traditional rural economies
  - A positive contribution towards enhancing local landscape and biodiversity
  - Appropriate re-use, conversion, or replacement of existing buildings in sustainable locations
  - Provision of essential rural services
- 3. Investment in Keele University and Science Park will be fostered to help strengthen the local knowledge and skills base and facilitate the growth and competitiveness of high value business development, thereby increasing local job opportunities in these sectors.
- 4. A positive approach will be taken towards development for supported and special needs housing where it supports the Housing Strategy for Newcastle Borough.
- 5. The quality of the village and canal conservation areas will be preserved and enhanced through the completion of a rolling programme of conservation area appraisals and management plans by 2012.

Continued:

#### **ASP6 Continued:**

- 6. All new development will need to reflect the following policies: Design Quality, Built Heritage, and Natural Assets.
- 7. The implementation of the Rights of Way Improvement Plan for Staffordshire will work to facilitate the improved provision of off road routes for horses and cyclists and its integration with an enhanced public network.
- 8. The strategic location of Apedale Community Country Park will continue to be exploited to provide a key leisure and recreation resource with wide visitor appeal and will act as a catalyst for a new Community Park in the Lower Apedale Valley and other community recreational facilities, thereby affording excellent access to the countryside for walkers, cyclists, horse riders and those with mobility impairments.
- 9. In accordance with the Staffordshire Local Transport Plan a positive approach will be taken towards practical measures to improve accessibility by public transport. Such measures could include:
  - Subsidised bus services
  - Community transport schemes
  - Developing practical transport solutions to assist members of the community in special need to access employment opportunities

### **Reasoned Justification**

- 5.196 Rural Newcastle-under-Lyme, whilst dominating the borough in spatial terms is home to just 21% of the borough's population. However, the importance of the rural area to the communities and economy of the plan area as a whole should not be underestimated. Its diverse range of rural economic activities; the distinctive rural landscape; the wealth of international, national and locally designated wildlife sites and nature reserves; and distinctive and attractive villages are all central to the image of the plan area as a pleasant and attractive location for both, people and inward investment as well as bringing both social and economic benefits to its communities.
- 5.197 This strategy is intended to ensure that local rural housing needs are adequately met; the rural economy can continue to diversify, grow and prosper; access to essential services and facilities such as doctors, schools, shops and community facilities is maximised; and the area's distinctive landscapes and natural resources are preserved.
- 5.198 The level of new housing development required to enable North Staffordshire to continue to grow and prosper could easily be accommodated on existing brownfield sites within the urban area. However to achieve genuinely sustainable rural communities and economies, it will be necessary to enable limited new housing to meet the needs of people working within the rural areas. Not to do so would result in a static and ageing population, increasing social exclusion, increased pressure upon social and health services, and economic stagnation. However, the strategy is clear that there is no scope for development of a scale beyond that required for natural growth and in locations where there are very few local services.

- 5.199 The Sustainability Appraisal clearly demonstrated that limiting rural growth to meet identified local requirements will provide the most effective approach towards minimising any undesirable impacts upon international, national and local designated wildlife habitats and geological features. In addition, the Sustainability Appraisal clearly identifies the spatial strategy as the most effective and sustainable approach towards supporting the regeneration of the Major Urban Area whilst simultaneously reducing the need to travel and preserving the borough's finite natural resources.
- 5.200 The Borough's Rural Services Survey (2007) has identified Loggerheads, Madeley and the villages of Audley Parish as providing the most comprehensive provision of essential local services. These villages all have relatively good access to the conurbation by public transport. It should also be noted that the villages to the northwest of the borough are well linked to cross border centres of employment and consumption i.e. Crewe and Nantwich.
- 5.201 This strategy conforms to policy RR1 Rural Renaissance in the Regional Spatial Strategy Phase Two Revision. This highlights the need for identifying and establishing a sustainable network of rural services centres and states that the provision of new housing should generally be restricted to meeting local housing requirements and to support local services.
- 5.202 The disparity between household incomes and house prices is, with the exception of the villages of Audley Parish, most pronounced in the Borough's rural settlements, therefore the identification and provision of appropriate levels of affordable housing is a key strategic priority. The Strategic Housing Market Assessment (2008) provides a detailed picture of the housing market and affordability within the plan area and provides the primary evidence base for identifying affordable housing needs. The rolling five year programme of parish needs assessments provides further, locally specific evidence for identifying current and likely future housing requirements within the rural area including the provision for affordable housing.
- 5.203 In accordance with Policy CSP6 Affordable Housing, where evidence highlights a local need not capable of being met through normal housing provision policy, sites may be released as Rural Exception Sites as defined in PPS3. If such a site cannot be accommodated within an existing village, then a site immediately adjoining the village may be deemed appropriate. Housing on these sites will remain affordable in perpetuity. The delivery of such a scheme will require close partnership working between the Council, the Housing Corporation and relevant RSLs.
- 5.204 Whilst the priority is to make the maximum use of brownfield land, it is recognised that it may be necessary to identify greenfield sites to meet the area's housing requirements later in the plan period and if necessary the boundaries of village envelopes will be reviewed as part of the preparation of the Site Allocations and Policies Development Plan Document.
- 5.205 In accordance with PPS7: Sustainable Development in Rural areas, it is recognised that the re-use of existing buildings in appropriate locations, for economic, community or residential uses can make a significant contribution towards the sustainability of rural areas. As such, it is anticipated that sustainable windfall developments will play a considerable part in meeting local development requirements.
- 5.206 The West Midlands Economic Dimensions (2007) report commissioned by the West Midlands Rural Accord and West Midlands Rural Affairs Forum highlights the predominance of low value added/low wage employment opportunities in the rural areas as a key issue to be addressed, in order to create genuinely sustainable rural communities. The Science Park, which once fully developed, will have the capacity to accommodate up to 2500 employees: will make a significant contribution towards

providing access to high quality jobs in the rural areas and throughout the plan area. It will also make a major contribution to transforming the skills base, attracting inward investment, particularly in the development of research facilities and businesses reliant on and complementary to such research processes and encouraging the provision of high quality housing.

## Implementation

- 5.207 The delivery of affordable housing in the rural areas will involve close partnership working between both local authorities, Parish Councils, land owners, developers, the Housing Corporation and local RSLs. The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment will identify suitable sites for housing and will inform the allocation of housing land in the forthcoming Site Allocations and Policies Development Plan Document.
- 5.208 Both Councils will support rural development that contributes towards the delivery of the Actions Plans produced by Advantage West Midlands to deliver the Rural Development Programme in the West Midlands.
- 5.209 The planned Phase 3 expansion of the Keele University and Science Park is being led by the University with support from the Borough Council, Staffordshire County Council, Advantage West Midlands and the North Staffordshire Regeneration Zone. It will provide approximately 16ha of new development on an attractively landscaped 28ha site. Approximately 8ha will be for academic and employment uses related to the University. The Science Park will build upon its location, environment and linkages to the University to attract highly skilled employees.
- 5.210 Development of the higher education sector and knowledge based industries as a means of fostering growth will be further facilitated by: strengthening the infrastructure links between the universities, other educational and training institutions and the Regional Investment Site; the maintenance of a balanced portfolio of employment land and pubic investment in the quality of the environment across the plan area.
- 5.211 Public investment and developer contributions will be directed towards the provision of affordable housing, improvements to the public realm, the management and delivery of key community facilities and services, including community transport schemes and subsidised bus services, and improving safety through junction improvements and traffic management schemes in villages. The adopted Developer Contributions SPD sets out detailed guidelines in respect of this. Further guidance on the Borough Councils requirements for affordable housing can be found in its Affordable Housing SPD. As part of the evidence base for the preparation of the Core Spatial Strategy the Councils have prepared a comprehensive Strategic Infrastructure Planning and Delivery Document which forms part of the LDF Core Spatial Strategy Evidence Base (see Appendix 2).
- 5.212 Any development within the North Staffordshire Green Belt will be in accordance with policies set out in national planning policy PPG2 and local development plan policy.
- 5.213 The completion of a rolling programme of conservation area appraisals and management plans will put in place a series of measures to preserve and enhance the built heritage and historic environment.
- 5.214 The implementation of the Rights of Way Improvement Plan for Staffordshire 2008 will be taken forward by Staffordshire County Council in partnership with the joint Local Access Forum, user groups, parish councils, the Borough Council and landowners.

5.215 As part of The Three Dales Vision, Staffordshire County is committed to sustained investment in Apedale Community Country Park. This investment will provide new visitor facilities, including the development of state of the art eco facilities at the Apedale Energy Station, complementing the existing Heritage Centre and Museum. An arrangement exists between English Partnerships and the Land Restoration Trust to ensure the long term management of the void and disposal area at the former Silverdale Colliery site once they have been restored. This will work to extend the sphere of influence of Apedale by forming a new Community Country Park significantly enhancing community access to the countryside.

# Annex 2

| 8. | <b>Monitoring</b> | <b>Framework</b> |
|----|-------------------|------------------|
|----|-------------------|------------------|

#### **Monitoring Framework**

8.1 Monitoring is about measuring progress on the journey towards our vision. Our vision is that:

'The Borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme and the City of Stoke-on-Trent will be a prosperous, vibrant and successful area of choice for businesses, visitors and residents in the period up to 2026

Deleted:

- 8.2 Government guidance suggests that performance of the Local Development Framework should be monitored through a series of indicators. These consist of:
  - Contextual indicators. These measure changes in the wider social, economic and environmental background against which policies operate. The LDF has no direct control over these but, over time, they will reflect the impact of LDF polices alongside the impact of other strategies such as the community strategy. A baseline will be established for these indicators and they will be monitored regularly. Targets, milestones or other performance measures are not appropriate in the LDF and have not been set for these indicators.
  - Core output indicators. These are defined by government to achieve a consistent
    data set for all Local Authorities. A baseline will be established for these indicators
    and most will be monitored on an annual basis. In most cases targets, milestones or
    other performance measures will be set in the appropriate LDF document.
  - Local output indicators. These are additional indicators, identified through the LDF process, as being relevant to the assessment of whether an objective or policy is meeting its target. A baseline will be established for these indicators and most will be monitored on an annual basis. In most cases targets, milestones or other performance measures will be set in the appropriate LDF document.
  - Significant effects indicators. These measure the significant effects of the Local
    Development Framework policies on sustainability and have been identified by the
    Strategic Environmental Assessment/ Sustainability Appraisal of the Local
    Development Framework. A baseline will be established for these indicators and
    they will be monitored regularly. Where appropriate, targets, milestones or other
    performance measures will be set in the relevant LDF document.
- 8.3 The table below shows the range of indicators identified. The list will be reviewed regularly to ensure that it remains relevant and comprehensive.
- 8.4 Indicators have been identified which relate to the Strategic Aims and Core Strategic Policies. The purpose of the monitoring framework is to assess performance against these and therefore the achievement, or otherwise, of the aims of the policy. Progress will be reported in the Annual Monitoring Report and, where necessary, any actions necessary to review the policy or indicators will be discussed.
- 8.5 It should be noted that not every indicator will be reported every year. Throughout the process a key aim has been to avoid duplication of effort. Wherever possible existing data and surveys (in-house or external) will be used to derive the indicator data e.g. use of land registry data to monitor house prices. In some cases this may lead to compromise, such as surveys being carried out less frequent than annually, or surveys based on a calendar year rather than the standard monitoring year, or based on a slightly different geographical basis e.g. postcode boundaries which do not exactly replicate local authority boundaries. In order to assist independent analysis of the data the monitoring framework indicates the source of the data, the frequency of reporting and any commentary relevant to the method of data collection.
- 8.6 The Annual Monitoring Report will be published on both Councils LDF website www.stoke.gov.uk/ldf and www.newcastle-staffs.gov.uk/ldf

| F        | Ref No    | Indicator & Measure  | Target  | Relevent Strategic<br>Aim (SA) or Core<br>Strategic Policy<br>(CSP) | Indicator<br>Type                   | Frequency<br>of<br>collection | Source                      |
|----------|-----------|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|          |           | EMPLOYMENT   |   | ` <i>'</i>  |                                     |                               |                             |
| 1        | L         | Amount of completed employment development  Floorspace completed  Site area completed  | Monitor Monitor against RSS expectations (Stoke 11ha pa, Newcastle 5.6ha pa)              |   | Core (1a)<br>Local                  | Annually                      | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| <u>2</u> | 2         | Location of completed employment development     Proportion which is in the regeneration zone     Proportion which is on brownfield land     Amount which is in each of the identified Area     Spatial Strategy areas (city centre, inner urban | Monitor Monitor To achieve the amounts identified in each ASP.                            | SA3, SA10, SA12,<br>SA13, CS9                                       | Core (1b)<br>Core (1c)<br>Local     | Annually                      | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
|          |           | core etc)  |   |   |                                     |                               |                             |
| 3        |           | Future employment development     Area of land allocated in DPD's / with planning permission for employment development  | To meet anticipated RSS requirements (5 year reservoir for Stoke 55ha and Newcastle 28ha) |   | Core (1d)                           | Annually                      | Employment Land<br>Review   |
| 1 4      |           | Progress in development of sites allocated in DPD's     Progress on employment allocations in terms of planning status and physical development  | Monitor   |   | Local                               | Annually                      | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| 5        | <u>5</u>  | Windfall development     Number / proportion of employment developments not on allocated sites in terms of planning status and physical development  | Monitor - expected to decline as allocations are made in DPD'                             |   | Local                               | Annually                      | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| 6        | <u>5</u>  | Losses of employment land to non-employment uses   | Monitor<br>Monitor<br>Monitor   |   | Core (1e)<br>Core (1e)<br>Core (1f) | Annually                      | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| 7        |           | Economic Activity     Overall employment rate     Number of people on out of work benefits.  | Monitor – <u>increase</u> desired<br><u>Monitor – reduction desired</u>                   |   | NI 151<br>NI 152                    | Annually<br>Quarterly         | ONS (APS) Jobcentre Plus    |
| 8        |           | Average earnings     Median earnings of employees_by workplace   | Monitor – narrowing of gap between local and region / national figures desired            |   | NI 166                              | Annually                      | ONS (ASHE)                  |
| 2        | <u>)</u>  | New business registration rate   | Monitor   | SA5   | NI 171                              |                               | ONS                         |
| -        | 10        | New business registration rate     Employment profile  | Monitor   | SAU   | <u> </u>                            | Annually                      | ONO                         |
|          | <u>10</u> | Number / Proportion of businesses in target sectors  | Monitor – increase desired  | SA5, SA6  | Contextual                          | Annually                      | ONS                         |
| ₁┝₄      | 14        | Number / Proportion employed in target sectors     Workforce Skills  | Monitor – increase desired  |   |                                     |                               |                             |
| 1        | <u></u>   | Working age population qualified to at least Level     2 or higher   | Monitor – narrowing of gap between local and  | SA5, SA6  | NI 163                              | Annually                      | ONS (APS)                   |
|          |           | Achievement of 5 or more A*-C grades at GCSE   | Monitor – narrowing of gap between local and regional / national desired                  |   | <u>NI 75</u>                        | Annually                      | DCSF                        |
|          |           | Skills gaps in the workforce,  | Monitor – narrowing of gap between local and regional / national desired                  |   | NI 174                              | Two yearly                    | LSC (NESS)                  |

**Deleted:** in the strategy **Deleted:** Proportion **Deleted:** priority **Deleted:** reduction Formatted: Bullets and Numbering **Deleted:** Contextual **Deleted:** Annually Deleted: ONS Annual [...[1]] **Deleted:** / proportion of ... [2] Deleted: Average week ... [3] **Deleted:** of residence **Deleted:** Contextual Deleted: nnual sur Deleted: vey of hours a ... [4] **Deleted:** VAT registrations **Deleted:** VAT registrati ... [5] Deleted: Number / Prof ... [6] Deleted: ¶ **Deleted:** Contextual¶ **Deleted:** Annual Popula Deleted: Number / Pr( ... [10] **Deleted:** contextual **Deleted:** contextual Deleted: ¶ **Deleted:** Educational .. [11] Deleted: ¶ Deleted: ¶ ... [12] Deleted: FES¶ ... [13] Deleted: ... [14]

**Deleted:** proportions

|           |   |  |   |  |   | ,                                 |
|-----------|---|--|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|
|           |   | ▼  |   |  |   |                                   |
|           | HOUSING   |  |   |  |   |                                   |
| 12        | Housing trajectory     Number of dwellings completed each year (net)     Number of dwellings forecast to be built in future years     Analysis of progress against agreed housing targets in RSS / Core Strategy                  | To meet anticipated RSS requirements and trajectory shown in Core Strategy (Stoke 11,400 and Newcastle 5,700 net over plan period) | SA4   | Core (2a) /<br>NI 154                  | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| <u>13</u> | Location of completed dwellings     Proportion which are on brownfield land     Number which are in each of the identified Area Spatial Strategy areas (city centre, inner urban core etc.)                                       | Stoke and Newcastle urban area 90% To achieve the numbers identified in each ASR.  | SA3, SA4, SA10,<br>SA11, SA12, SA13,<br>CS9 | Core (2b)<br>Local                     | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| 14        | Future housing development     Area of land allocated in DPD's / with planning permission for residential development   | To meet PPS3 requirements (5 and 15 year supply) Monitor   |   | NI 159                                 | Annually  | Annual Monitoring Report          |
| <u>15</u> | Progress in development of sites allocated in DPD's     Progress on housing allocations in terms of planning status and physical development  | Monitor  |   | Local                                  | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| <u>16</u> | Windfall development     Number / proportion of housing developments not on allocated sites in terms of planning status and physical development  | Monitor – expected to decline as allocations are made in DPD'  |   | Local                                  | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| <u>17</u> | Density of residential development     Number / proportion built at less than 30, between 30 and 50 and more than 50 per hectare  | Monitor – expected to remain around 50/ha  | SA4   | Core (2c)                              | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| 18        | <ul><li>Dwelling Types</li><li>Type and size of dwellings constructed</li></ul>   | Monitor  | SA4   | Local                                  | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| <u>19</u> | Affordable housing trajectory     Number of affordable dwellings completed     Number of dwellings forecast to be built in future years     Analysis of progress against agreed affordable housing targets in RSS / Core Strategy | To meet RSS requirements (Stoke 3,000 and Newcastle 1,200 over plan period (Stoke 150 pa and Newcastle 60 pa)                      | SA4, CS6                                    | Core (2d) <u>/</u><br>NI 155           | Annual,   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report /-CLG |
| <u>20</u> | Analysis of affordable dwellings provided:  • By type ( social rented / intermediate)   | Stoke split 50/50, Newcastle 60/40 split   | CS6   | Local                                  | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| <u>21</u> | Housing conditions  Tenure and number of homes failing decent homes standard  | Monitor – anticipated to fall  | SA4   | Contextual                             | Occasional                                      | House Condition suvey             |
| <u>22</u> | Housing tenure  Number / percentage of dwellings and their tenure   | Monitor  |   | Contextual                             | Annually  | Annual Monitoring<br>Report       |
| <u>23</u> | House Prices  Average sale price for all house types  Number of sales  Average sale price for individual house types  | Monitor -<br>Monitor<br>Monitor – narrowing of gap between local and<br>region / national figures desired                          | CS6   | Contextual<br>Contextual<br>Contextual | Annually in<br>March<br>(available<br>monthly / | Land Registry                     |

**Deleted:** Monitor – narrowing of gap between local and regional / national desired

**Deleted:** proportions

**Deleted:** the core strategy

**Deleted:** Proportion which are in identified priority areas (city centre, inner urban core etc

Deleted: Local

Deleted: SHLAA

Deleted: ¶

Öccasional

**Deleted:** Annual Monitoring Report

Deleted: ¶
Housing Market Assessment

|           |   |   |   |                             | quarterly) |  |
|-----------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| <u>24</u> | Gypsy & Traveller sites  Number of pitches provided   | To progress towards meeting 100% of identified need by 2026 as identified in the local Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Needs Assessment     | CS7                                     | Local                       | Annually   | _ <u>Annual Monitoring</u><br>Report             |
|           | TRANSPORT AND ACCESSIBILITY   |   |   |                             |            |  |
| <u>25</u> | Parking standards  Completed non-residential development complying with LDF parking standards   | 100%  |   | core (3a)                   | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                      |
| <u>26</u> | Accessibility of new dwellings to key local facilities     Number / proportion within 30 minutes public transport travel time of a GP surgery, hospital, primary school, secondary school, employment opportunities and a major retail centre | Stoke and Newcastle urban area 95%.   | SA2, SA3, SA4, SA7,<br>SA10, SA12, SA18 | Core (3b)/<br>NI 175        | Annually   | Annual Monitoring Report / LTP monitoring report |
| <u>27</u> | Accessibility of completed major developments     Proportion of population living within 30 minutes travel time by sustainable transport of completed major developments  | Stoke and Newcastle urban area 95%.   | SA2, SA3, SA4, SA7,<br>SA10, SA12, SA18 | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                      |
| <u>28</u> | Transport infrastructure  Progress in implementing transport schemes identified in the Core Spatial Strategy and Local Transport Plan (park and ride, bus priority corridors, city centre bus station, cycle and pedestrian networks)         | To meet milestones set out in the Local Transport Plan  | SA3, SA7, SA10                          | <u>L</u> ocal               | Annually   | LTP monitoring report                            |
|           | RETAIL  |   |   |                             |            |  |
| <u>29</u> | Amount of completed retail development  Floorspace completed  Site area completed   | In accordance with RSS (City Centre 120,000sqm and Newcastle 35,000sqm). Other centres in line with Core Strategy.  Monitor                   | SA7                                     | Core (4a)                   | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                      |
| 30        | Location of completed retail floorspace; Proportion which is on brownfield land Proportion which is 'in town'   | Monitor 100% of comparison floorspace to be in Strategic and Significant Urban Centres to achieve the proportions identified in the strategy. | SA3, SA7, SA10,<br>SA12, SA13, CS9      | Local<br>Core (4b)<br>Local | Annual     | Annual Monitoring Report                         |
|           | Amount which is in each of the identified Area     Spatial Strategy areas (city centre, inner urban core etc.)  | To achieve the amounts identified in each ASP.  |   |                             |            |  |
| <u>31</u> | Future retail development     Area of land allocated in DPD's / with planning permission for each type of development   | Monitor   |   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                      |
| <u>32</u> | Progress in development of sites allocated in DPD's  • Progress on allocations in terms of planning status and physical development   | Monitor   |   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                      |
| 33        | Windfall development     Number / proportion of developments not on allocated sites in terms of planning status and physical development  | Monitor - expected to decline as allocations are made in DPD'   |   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                      |
| 34        | Ranking of regional centres   |   |   |                             |            |  |

**Deleted:** 100% of identified

**Formatted:** Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: ¶

Deleted:

**Formatted:** Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt, Not Bold

Formatted: Normal

**Formatted:** Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt, Not Bold

**Formatted:** Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt

Deleted:

**Deleted:** 100% be in City Centre or Newcastle town centre¶

**Deleted:** proportions

**Deleted:** the strategy

**Formatted:** Bullets and Numbering

**Deleted:** Proportion which is in identified priority areas (city centre, inner urban core etc)

|           | National ranking of the city centre and Newcastle town centre  | To at least maintain their respective positions   | SA7   | Contextual                  | Two yearly | Experian                    |
|-----------|--|---|---|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
|           | OFFICE   |   |   |                             |            |                             |
| <u>35</u> | Amount of completed office development  • Floorspace completed  Site area completed  | In accordance with RSS (City Centre 85,000sqm and Newcastle 60,000sqm).   | SA3, SA5, SA7                               | Core (4a)                   | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| <u>36</u> | Location of completed office floorspace;   | Widilital   |   | Local                       |            |                             |
| <u>30</u> | Proportion which is on brownfield land     Proportion which is 'in town'      Amount which is in each of the identified Area   | Monitor To be primarily within or adjacent to the City Centre or Newcastle town centre. To achieve the amounts, identified in each ASP, | SA7, SA10, SA12,<br>SA13, CS9               | Local<br>Core (4b)<br>Local | Annual     | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
|           | Spatial Strategy areas (city centre, inner urban core etc.)  |   |   |                             |            |                             |
| <u>37</u> | Future office development     Area of land allocated in DPD's / with planning permission   | Monitor   |   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| <u>38</u> | Progress in development of sites allocated in DPD's     Progress on allocations in terms of planning status and physical development   | Monitor   |   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| <u>39</u> | Windfall development     Number / proportion of developments not on allocated sites in terms of planning status and physical development   | Monitor - expected to decline as allocations are made in DPD'   |   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
|           | LEISURE  |   |   |                             |            |                             |
| <u>40</u> | Amount of completed leisure development  Floorspace completed  Site area completed   | Monitor<br>Monitor  | CS5   | Core (4a)<br>Local          | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| 41        | Location of completed leisure floorspace; Proportion which is on brownfield land Proportion which is 'in town'  Amount which is in each of the identified Area Spatial Strategy areas (city centre, inner urban core etc.) | Monitor<br>Monitor<br>Monitor   | SA3, SA7, SA10,<br>SA12, SA13, CS5,<br>CS9, | Local<br>Core (4b)<br>Local | Annual     | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| <u>42</u> | Future leisure development     Area of land allocated in DPD's / with planning permission  | Monitor   | CS5   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| 43        | Progress in development of sites allocated in DPD's     Progress on allocations in terms of planning status and physical development   | Monitor   | CS5   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| 44        | Windfall development     Number / proportion of developments not on allocated sites in terms of planning status and physical development   | Monitor - expected to decline as allocations are made in DPD'   | CS5   | Local                       | Annually   | Annual Monitoring<br>Report |
| <u>45</u> | Participation  Adult participation in sport and active recreation  | Monitor   | SA2, SA13, SP3,<br>CSP5                     | NI 8                        | Annually   | DCMS (APS)                  |
|           | RURAL SERVICES AND DEVELOPMENT   |   |   |                             |            |                             |

**Deleted:** proportions

**Deleted:** the strategy

**Deleted:** Proportion which is in identified priority areas (city centre, inner urban core etc)

# Deleted: ¶

**Deleted:** Proportion which is in identified priority areas (city centre, inner urban core etc)

**Formatted:** Bullets and Numbering

|           | T  | T  |                         | 1                           | 1                     |  |
|-----------|--|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| <u>46</u> | Loss of local facilities     Number of facilities in villages and local centres lost to other uses   | Monitor  | SA2, SA3, SA11,<br>SA15 | Local                       | Annually              | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                              |
| 47        | Amount of development (any use) permitted in the greenbelt  Number of planning applications approved and type of development approved                    | Monitor - No Target as exceptional circumstances only        | SA15                    | Local                       | Annually              | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                              |
| 48        | Development in the open countryside (any use)     Number of planning applications approved and type of development approved                              | Monitor - No Target as exceptional circumstances only        | SA15                    | Local                       | Annually              | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                              |
|           | ENVIRONMENT  |  |                         |                             |                       |  |
| 49        | Open Spaces     Amount and condition of open spaces     Percentage of open space maintained to Green Flag standards                                      | Monitor Monitor – increase desired                           | SA13, CS5               | Local<br>Core (4c)          | Occasional            | Greenspace<br>Strategy                                   |
|           | Open space lost and not replaced in accordance with policy   | 0%   |                         | Local                       |                       |  |
|           | Investments in improvements in open spaces,<br>showing change over time  | Monitor  |                         | Local                       |                       |  |
| <u>50</u> | Amount of brownfield land     Previously developed land that has been vacant or derelict for more than 5 years   | Monitor – reduction desired                                  | CS9                     | NI 170                      | Annually              | CLG  |
| <u>51</u> | Minerals     Mineral deposits safeguarded through formal processes   | 100%   | SA9, CS8                | Local                       | Occasional            | In-house surveys   |
| <u>52</u> | Waste management Capacity of new waste management facility by type Amount and management of municipal waste  | Monitor In line with national requirements                   |                         | Core (6a)                   | Annually              | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                              |
|           | , and and management of management   |  |                         | <u></u>                     |                       | DEFRA (WDF)  |
| <u>53</u> | Flood Risk     Number of planning permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency on either flood defence grounds or water quality. | 0% including where mitigation measures implemented           |                         | Core (7)                    | Annually              | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                              |
| <u>54</u> | Biodiversity     Change in areas and populations of biodiversity importance  | No decline   | SA15, CS4               | Core (8) <u>/</u><br>NI 197 | Occasional / Annually | Annual Monitoring<br>Report / Local Sites<br>Partnership |
| <u>55</u> | Renewable energy     Planning applications approved for installation of renewable energy capacity  | Monitor – increase desired                                   | SA17, CS3               | Local                       | Annually              | Annual Monitoring<br>Report                              |
|           | <ul> <li>Renewable energy capacity installed by type</li> <li>Proportion of applicable development meeting the policy target (10%)</li> </ul>            | Monitor – increase desired<br>100% of applicable development |                         | Core (9)                    |                       |  |
| <u>56</u> | Energy efficiency     Investment / initiatives in energy efficiency e.g.     warm homes  | Monitor  | SA17, CS3               | Contextual                  | Annually              | In house surveys   |
| <u>57</u> | Design standards  • Quality of design of major development schemes   | Monitor – increase desired                                   | SA16, CS1               | Local                       | Annually              | Annual Report by   |

Deleted: NLUD returns

Deleted: Amount of vacant brownfie

Deleted: Id land

Deleted: local

... [15]

|           | Design excellence for major infrastructure and   | Monitor ← Masterplans commissioned  |                                    | Local  |                                | Urban Vision North                  |          | Deleted: -                       |
|-----------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|
|           | public realm projects  |   |                                    |  |                                | Staffordshire Design Review Panel   |          | Deleted: s                       |
| <u>58</u> | Heritage Environment   |   |                                    |  |                                | T diloi                             | _        | Deleted: Built                   |
| <u>50</u> | Conservation Areas   | Monitor- completion of conservation area appraisals and management plans Reviewed (Stoke), prepared (Newcastle) | SA12, SA13, SA14,<br>CS1, CS2      | Local  | Occasional Occasional          | In-house surveys                    |          | Deleted: Built                   |
|           | Locally important buildings list   | Monitor – No losses or reduction in classification  |                                    | <u>Local</u><br>Local                                | Annually                       | In house surveys                    |          |                                  |
|           | Number and classification of designated heritage<br>(Listed Buildings, Schedule of Ancient<br>Monuments, Register of Parks and Gardens,<br>Register of Historic Battlefields, Conservation | MOTITO – NO IOSSES OF TEGUCTION IN Classification   |                                    | Local  | Armually                       | III flouse surveys                  | <b>4</b> | Formatted: Bullets and Numbering |
|           | Areas, World Heritage Sites, Protected Shipwrecks) Condition of designated heritage (Listed  | Monitor – Reduction in numbers identified / severity  |                                    | Local  | Occasional                     | English Heritage –                  |          |                                  |
|           | Buildings, Schedule of Ancient Monuments,<br>Register of Parks and Gardens, Register of<br>Historic Battlefields, Conservation Areas, World  | of risk on 'Heritage at Risk' register  |                                    |  |                                | Heritage at Risk register           |          |                                  |
| ▼         | Heritage Sites, Protected Shipwrecks) MISCELLANAEOUS   |   |                                    |  |                                |                                     |          | 1                                |
| <u>59</u> | Population   |   |                                    |  | <b> </b>                       |                                     | }        |                                  |
| <u>59</u> | Total population     Age structure   | Annual increase<br>Monitor<br>Monitor   | SA1                                | Contextual<br>Contextual<br>Contextual               | Annually for total population. | ONS Mid Year<br>Estimates<br>Census |          |                                  |
|           | Number / Proportion BME population     Household size and composition of households     Analysis of migration patterns   | Monitor<br>Monitor  |                                    | Contextual<br>Contextual                             | Occasional for other           | Cerisus                             |          |                                  |
| <u>60</u> | Provision of community facilities     Number of facilities secured through either planning agreements (section 106) or Community Infrastructure Levy and their financial value.            | 75% of needs identified through major planning applications to be secured.                                      | SA2, SA3, SA12,<br>SA13, CS5, CS10 | Local  | Annual                         | In-house surveys                    |          |                                  |
| <u>61</u> | Further and higher education facilities  University Quarter  Keele University and science Park   | To meet the milestones set out in each respective strategy  | SA6, SA10                          | Local  | Annually                       | In-house surveys                    |          |                                  |
| <u>62</u> | Tourism  Number of visitor attractions and visits made to them   | Monitor –increase desired   | SA8                                | Contextual   | Occasional                     | In-house surveys                    |          |                                  |
|           | <ul> <li>Number of visitors to the city</li> </ul>   | Monitor – increase desired  |                                    | Contextual   |                                |                                     |          |                                  |
| <u>63</u> | Regeneration funding  • Amount of regeneration funding awarded per year  | Monitor   |                                    | Contextual   | Annually                       | Annual Monitoring<br>Report         |          | [16                              |
| <u>64</u> | Deprivation  National ranking of city (Indices of Deprivation)  Areas of the city included and their ranking  Number of income support claimants  JSA claimant rate                        | Monitor<br>Monitor<br>Monitor<br>Monitor  |                                    | Contextual<br>Contextual<br>Contextual<br>Contextual | 2007                           | CLG Index of deprivation 2007       |          | ( [16                            |
| <u>65</u> | Health All age mortality rate  | Monitor Monitor   |                                    | NI 120   | Annually                       | ONS (DRP)                           | <b>4</b> | Formatted: Bullets and Numbering |

Glossary

Formatted: Not Highlight

Core (xx) - indicates a Core Output Indicator, defined by central government (Communities and Local Government). Details of definitions etc can be found on their website.

NI xx - indicates a National Indicator for local Authorities, defined by central government (Communities and Local Government). Details of definitions etc can be found on their website.

#### **CLG - Communities and Local Government**

DCSF - Department for Children, Schools and Families

DCMS (APS) - Department for Culture, Media and Sport - Active People Survey

DEFRA (WDF) - Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs - WasteDataFlow

DPD - Development Plan Document

LDF - Local Development Framework

LSC (NESS) - Learnings and Skills Council - National Employers Skills Survey

LTP - Local Transport Plan

ONS (DRP) - Office for National Statistics - death registrations and population statistics

ONS (APS) - Office for National Statistics - Annual Population Survey

ONS (ASHE) - Office for National Statistics - Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings

PPS3 – Planning Policy Statement 3: Housing

RSS - Regional Spatial Strategy

Formatted: Not Highlight

| Page 3: [1] Deleted  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:11:00  |
|--|--|--|
| NS Annual population survey  |  |  |
| Page 3: [2] Deleted  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:09:00  |
| proportion of population being economic  | •  |  |
| Page 3: [3] Deleted  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:58:00  |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  |  | 22/22/22224  |
| Page 3: [4] Deleted ey of hours and earnings   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 15:04:00  |
| ,  |  |  |
| Page 3: [5] Deleted  /AT registrations / deregistrations by indu   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:16:00  |
|  | <u> </u>   | 05/02/2000 14 15 00  |
| Page 3: [6] Deleted  Number / Proportion of VAT registrations  | KISU / deregistrations   | 06/03/2008 14:15:00  |
| Total stock of VAT registered businesses,  |  |  |
| Page 3: [7] Deleted  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:16:00  |
| <u> </u>   |  |  |
| Monitor  |  |  |
|  | VICII  | 06/02/2000 14:16:00  |
| Page 3: [8] Deleted Contextual   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:16:00  |
|  |  |  |
| Contextual   |  |  |
| Page 3: [9] Deleted  Annual Population Survey  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:15:00  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |  |  |
| Page 3: [10] Deleted  Number / Proportion of population at each  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:14:00  |
| <u> </u>   | -  | 06/02/2009 14:02:00  |
| Page 3: [11] Deleted  Educational attainment   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:03:00  |
|  |  |  |
| Page 3: [12] Deleted   | KTSII  | 06/03/2008 14:13:00  |
| Page 3: [12] Deleted   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:13:00  |
|  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:13:00  |
| contextual Page 3: [13] Deleted  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:13:00<br>06/03/2008 14:07:00   |
| ontextual  Page 3: [13] Deleted  |  |  |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted   |  |  |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted   |  |  |
| ontextual  Page 3: [13] Deleted  ES  OFES  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted ES PES Page 3: [14] Deleted   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16  | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted ES  PES  Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16  Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates   | KISU   | 06/03/2008 14:07:00<br>06/03/2008 14:08:00   |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted ES PES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted Aggregates Production of primary won agg  | KISU  KISU  gregates Monitor   | 06/03/2008 14:07:00<br>06/03/2008 14:08:00   |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted ES  Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16  Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won aggregates of production of secondary / recommendation | KISU  KISU  KISU  gregates  ycled aggregates  Monitor  Monitor   | 06/03/2008 14:07:00<br>06/03/2008 14:08:00<br>29/04/2009 17:21:00                                      |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted Aggregates Production of primary won aggregates of the production of secondary / recy   | KISU  KISU  Gregates Monitor Monitor Wisu  KISU  | 06/03/2008 14:07:00<br>06/03/2008 14:08:00<br>29/04/2009 17:21:00<br>17/02/2009 11:13:00               |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES  Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16  Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won aggregates of secondary / recy  Page 8: [16] Deleted  Buildings, monuments, sites a archaeological, architectural of  | KISU  KISU  gregates Monitor Monitor Monitor  KISU  and areas of special or historic interest  KISU  SA14, CS2                               | 06/03/2008 14:07:00<br>06/03/2008 14:08:00<br>29/04/2009 17:21:00<br>17/02/2009 11:13:00<br>Annually   |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES  Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16  Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won aggregates Production of secondary / recy  Page 8: [16] Deleted  Buildings, monuments, sites a archaeological, architectural of Number and category of build  | KISU  KISU  gregates Monitor Monitor Monitor  KISU  and areas of special or historic interest  KISU  SA14, CS2                               | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00  Annually           |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted Aggregates Production of primary won agg Production of secondary / recy Page 8: [16] Deleted Buildings, monuments, sites a archaeological, architectural of   | KISU  KISU  gregates Monitor Monitor ycled aggregates Monitor YKISU  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed  KISU  SA14, CS2 | 06/03/2008 14:07:00<br>06/03/2008 14:08:00<br>29/04/2009 17:21:00<br>17/02/2009 11:13:00<br>Annually   |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won aggreduction of secondary / record record record and category of build Buildings, at risk Number of locally important buildings of conservation areas   | KISU  KISU  gregates Monitor Monitor  ycled aggregates Monitor  KISU  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed uildings        | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00                     |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won aggregates of secondary / recompany /  | KISU  KISU  gregates Monitor Monitor  ycled aggregates Monitor  KISU  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed uildings        | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00    local   Annually |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16  Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won agg. Production of secondary / recompany  Page 8: [16] Deleted  Buildings, monuments, sites a archaeological, architectural of Number and category of build Buildings at risk Number of locally important but Number of conservation areas on the page 1.   | KISU  KISU  gregates ycled aggregates  Monitor Monitor Monitor  KISU  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed  uildings s     | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00                     |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted  Staying on rates post 16  Page 7: [15] Deleted  Aggregates Production of primary won aggenerate production of secondary / recomplete re | KISU  KISU  gregates ycled aggregates  Monitor Monitor Misu  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed  uildings section        | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00                     |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted Aggregates Production of primary won agg. Production of secondary / recompany Page 8: [16] Deleted Buildings, monuments, sites a archaeological, architectural of Number and category of build Buildings at risk Number of locally important but Number of conservation areas on the page 3: [16] Deleted   | KISU  KISU  gregates ycled aggregates  Monitor Monitor Misu  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed  uildings section        | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00                     |
| Page 3: [13] Deleted FES DFES Page 3: [14] Deleted Staying on rates post 16 Page 7: [15] Deleted Aggregates Production of primary won agg. Production of secondary / recy Page 8: [16] Deleted Buildings, monuments, sites a archaeological, architectural of Number and category of build Buildings at risk Number of locally important but Number of conservation areas on ber of ancient monuments  No losses or reduced classificated reduction in numbers / severi  | KISU  KISU  gregates ycled aggregates  Monitor Monitor Misu  and areas of special or historic interest lings listed  uildings section        | 06/03/2008 14:07:00  06/03/2008 14:08:00  29/04/2009 17:21:00  17/02/2009 11:13:00                     |